# Package 'RCMsize'

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Title Sample Size Calculation in Reversible Catalytic Models

Type Package

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IC\_SP

IC\_SCR

Confidence Interval for the Seroconversion Rate (SCR)

#### **Description**

Calculates the confidence interval for the seroconversion rate (SCR) using the confidence interval of seroprevalence.

## Usage

```
IC\_SCR(SP\_interval, SRR, ages, A\_max, limits = c(0, 1))
```

## Arguments

SP\_interval A vector with the lower and upper limits of seroprevalence.

SRR Seroreversion rate.

ages Vector with the proportions of different ages in the population (age structure).

A\_max Maximum age considered in the population.

limits Lower and upper limits for the calculation of SCR.

## Value

A vector with the lower and upper limits for the seroconversion rate SCR.

## **Examples**

```
A_{max} <- 80
age\_distribution <- rep(1 / A_{max}, A_{max})
IC_{SCR}(c(0.1, 0.2), 0.01, age\_distribution, A_{max}, limits = c(0, 1))
```

IC\_SP

Confidence Interval for Seroprevalence

## **Description**

Calculates the confidence interval for a seroprevalence estimate with a specified confidence level.

# Usage

```
IC_SP(SP, n, conf.level = 0.95, method = "asymptotic")
```

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#### **Arguments**

SP Seroprevalence estimate.

n Sample size.

conf.level Confidence level (default is 0.95).

method Method for calculating the confidence interval (default is "asymptotic"). Avail-

able methods: c("asymptotic", "exact", "ac", "wilson", "logit", "cloglog")

#### Value

A vector with the lower and upper limits of the confidence interval.

#### References

The methods available in this function are some of the available in the binom package. For more information, see <a href="https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=binom">https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=binom</a>

#### **Examples**

```
IC_SP(0.25, 100, conf.level = 0.95, method = "asymptotic")
```

IC\_SP\_Waldcc Confidence Interval for Seroprevalence with Continuity Correction (Wald Method)

## **Description**

Calculates the confidence interval for seroprevalence using the Wald method with continuity correction.

#### Usage

```
IC_SP_Waldcc(SP, n, conf.level = 0.95)
```

## **Arguments**

SP Seroprevalence estimate.

n Sample size.

conf.level Confidence level (default is 0.95).

#### Value

A vector with the lower and upper limits of the confidence interval.

## **Examples**

```
IC_SP_Waldcc(0.25, 100, conf.level = 0.95)
```

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prob\_seropositive

Calculation of Seropositivity Probability

## **Description**

This function calculates the probability of seropositivity based on the age and the seroconversion and seroreversion rates, using a reversible catalytic model.

# Usage

```
prob_seropositive(SCR, SRR, t)
```

# Arguments

SCR	Seroconversion Rate
SRR	Seroreversion Rate.

t Age for which we want to calculate the probability of seropositivity.

#### Value

The probability of seropositivity for age 't'.

#### References

For more information on the reversible catalytic model, see https://link.springer.com/article/10.1186/s12936-015-0661-z

## **Examples**

```
prob_seropositive(0.03, 0.01, 45)
```

sample\_s

Sample Size Calculation

## **Description**

Estimates the required sample size so that the confidence interval width for SCR does not exceed a specified limit.

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## Usage

```
sample_s(
   SCR,
   RL,
   SRR,
   ages,
   A_max,
   limits,
   max_iter = 10000,
   conf.level = 0.95,
   method = "asymptotic"
)
```

## Arguments

SCR Seroconversion rate.

RL Desired relative width.

SRR Seroreversion rate.

ages Vector with the proportions of different ages in the population (age structure).

A\_max Maximum age considered in the population.

limits Lower and upper limits for the calculation of SCR.

max\_iter Maximum number of iterations. conf.level Confidence level (default is 0.95).

method Method for calculating the confidence interval. Available methods: "waldcc"

and the methods in IC\_SP documentation.

#### **Details**

\*\*Disclaimer\*\*: The sample size function may not produce accurate values for scenarios involving extremely low SCR (e.g., elimination scenarios). Users are advised to exercise caution and consider the results critically when applying this function to such cases.

#### Value

A list with the required sample size, the confidence interval for seroprevalence, and the confidence interval for SCR.

# **Examples**

```
A_max <- 80

age_distribution <- rep(1 / A_max, A_max)

sample_s(0.03, 1, 0.01, age_distribution, A_max, limits = c(0, 1))
```

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	seroprevalence	Seroprevalence Calculation	
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# Description

Calculates the seroprevalence considering an age distribution and a reversible catalytic model.

## Usage

```
seroprevalence(ages, A_max, SCR, SRR)
```

# Arguments

ages	Vector with the proportions of different ages in the population (age structure).
A_max	Maximum age considered in the population.
SCR	Seroconversion rate.

SRR Seroconversion rate
SRR Seroreversion rate.

## Value

The total seroprevalence weighted by the age distribution.

# Examples

```
A_max <- 80
age_distribution <- rep(1 / A_max, A_max)
seroprevalence(age_distribution, A_max, 0.03, 0.01)
```

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