Package 'gregRy'

October 13, 2022

Type Package

Title GREGORY Estimation

Version 0.1.0

Description Functions which make using the Generalized Regression Estimator(GREG) J.N.K. Rao, Isabel Molina, (2015) <doi:10.3390/f11020244> and the Generalized Regression Estimator Operating on Resolutions of Y (GREGORY) easier. The functions are designed to work well within a forestry context, and estimate multiple estimation units at once. Compared to other survey estimation packages, this function has greater flexibility when describing the linear model.

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Encoding UTF-8

Imports dplyr, purrr, tidyr, magrittr

RoxygenNote 7.1.1

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown

NeedsCompilation no

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```
gregory_all
```

Description

This function runs the Generalized Regression Operating on Resolutions of Y estimator, also know as GREGORY, on a set of data.

Usage

```
gregory_all(
   plot_df,
   resolution,
   estimation,
   pixel_estimation_means,
   proportions,
   formula,
   prop
)
```

Arguments

plot_df	A data frame containing the response variable, predictors, estimation unit, and resolution unit for each "plot"						
resolution	A character specifying the resolution column name within the other dataframes						
estimation	A character specifying the estimation column name within the other dataframes						
pixel_estimation_means							
	A dataframe with a column for the estimation unit and a column for the mean response variable value per that estimation unit						
proportions	A dataframe with three columns: one for resolution, one for estimation, and one for the proportion of a resolution area found in each estimation area						
formula	Formula to be used for the model, names should be consistent with the column names in plot_df and pixel_estimation_means						
prop	A character specifying the column name of the proportion found in proportions						

Value

A dataframe with each row representing each estimation unit, its estimate, and its estimated variance.

Examples

```
rep("Dagobah", 5),
                                              rep("Naboo", 5)),
                                  count_of_trees = c(204, 156, 240, 286, 263,
                                                      112, 167, 131, 25, 145,
                                                      141, 65, 127, 15, 98,
                                                      100, 12, 49, 94, 69),
                                  forest_cover = c(85, 74, 89, 95, 92,
                                                    70, 73, 69, 11, 68,
                                                    67, 30, 62, 15, 42,
                                                    59, 5, 17, 25, 22),
                           eco_province = c("forest", "swamp", "forest", "forest", "forest",
                                        "forest", "forest", "forest", "grassland", "forest",
                                           "forest", "swamp", "swamp", "grassland", "swamp",
"forest", "grassland", "grassland",
"swamp", "swamp"))
 #create mean data
 planet_means <- data.frame(planet = c("Kashyyyk",</pre>
                                          "Forest Moon of Endor",
                                          "Dagobah",
                                          "Naboo"),
                              forest_cover = c(95,
                                                85,
                                                50,
                                                30))
  #create proportion data
 planet_province_prop <- data.frame(planet = c(rep("Kashyyyk", 2),</pre>
                                                  rep("Forest Moon of Endor", 2),
                                                  rep("Dagobah", 3),
                                                  rep("Naboo", 3)),
                                      "forest", "grassland", "swamp",
                                                        "forest", "grassland", "swamp"),
                                      prop = c(0.8, 0.2,
                                                0.75, 0.25,
                                                0.1, 0.1, 0.8,
                                                0.2, 0.4, 0.4))
 x1 <- gregory_all(plot_df = planet_plot_data,</pre>
                    resolution = "eco_province",
                    estimation = "planet",
                    pixel_estimation_means = planet_means,
                    proportions = planet_province_prop,
                    formula = count_of_trees ~ forest_cover,
                    prop = "prop")
 x1
greg_all
                          greg_all
```

Description

This function runs the Generalized Regression estimator, also know as GREG, on a set of data.

Usage

```
greg_all(plot_df, estimation, pixel_estimation_means, formula)
```

Arguments

plot_df	A data frame containing the response variable, predictors, estimation unit, and resolution unit for each "plot"
estimation	A character specifying the estimation column name within the other dataframes
pixel_estimation	on_means
	A dataframe with a column for the estimation unit and a column for the mean response variable value per that estimation unit
formula	Formula to be used for the model, names should be consistent with the column names in plot_df and pixel_estimation_means

Value

A dataframe with each row representing each estimation unit, its estimate, and its estimated variance.

Examples

```
#create plot data
planet_plot_data <- data.frame(plot_number = 1:20,</pre>
                                planet = c(rep("Kashyyyk", 5),
                                            rep("Forest Moon of Endor", 5),
                                            rep("Dagobah", 5),
                                            rep("Naboo", 5)),
                                count_of_trees = c(204, 156, 240, 286, 263,
                                                    112, 167, 131, 25, 145,
                                                    141, 65, 127, 15, 98,
                                                    100, 12, 49, 94, 69),
                                forest_cover = c(85, 74, 89, 95, 92,
                                                  70, 73, 69, 11, 68,
                                                  67, 30, 62, 15, 42,
                                                  59, 5, 17, 25, 22))
#create mean data
planet_means <- data.frame(planet = c("Kashyyyk",</pre>
                                        "Forest Moon of Endor",
                                        "Dagobah",
                                        "Naboo"),
                            forest_cover = c(95,
                                              85,
                                              50,
                                              30))
```

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