

Package ‘smartmap’

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Type Package

Title Smartly Create Maps from R Objects

Version 0.1.1

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Description Preview spatial data as 'leaflet' maps with minimal effort. smartmap is optimized for interactive use and distinguishes itself from similar packages because it does not need real spatial ('sp' or 'sf') objects as input; instead, it tries to automatically coerce everything that looks like spatial data to sf objects or leaflet maps. It - for example - supports direct mapping of: a vector containing a single coordinate pair, a two column matrix, a data.frame with longitude and latitude columns, or the path or URL to a (possibly compressed) 'shapefile'.

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Imports leaflet, magrittr, sf, utils

Suggests covr, testthat

Depends R (>= 3.6.0)

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 7.1.1.9000

NeedsCompilation no

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<code>as_coord_matrix</code>	<i>Coerce an R object to a matrix of coordinates</i>
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Description

A `coord_matrix` is a `matrix` with two columns named "lon" and "lat" to represent spatial point data. They are used as an intermediary when converting some `R` objects to `sf::sf()` objects.

`as_coord_matrix()` can smartly convert a range of `R` objects to `coord_matrix`. If you are a package developer and want to add support for `smartmap` to your package without having to depend on the heavy `sf` package, it is enough to provide an `as_coord_matrix()` method.

Usage

```
as_coord_matrix(x, ...)

## Default S3 method:
as_coord_matrix(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'numeric'
as_coord_matrix(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'sf'
as_coord_matrix(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'sfc_POINT'
as_coord_matrix(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'matrix'
as_coord_matrix(x, ..., loncol = guess_loncol(x), latcol = guess_latcol(x))

## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
as_coord_matrix(x, ..., loncol = guess_loncol(x), latcol = guess_latcol(x))
```

Arguments

- | | |
|----------------|-----------------------|
| <code>x</code> | any of the following: |
|----------------|-----------------------|
- a `matrix`: Either a matrix with named longitude and latitude columns or an unnamed two column matrix containing longitude and latitude (in that order)
 - a `data.frame` with named longitude and latitude columns
 - an `sf::sfc_POINT` object
 - a named or unnamed `numeric` vector of length 2 containing a single longitude-latitude coordinate pair
 - a character scalar path or URL to a shapefile or zipped shapefile

```
...           passed on to methods
loncol, latcol  character scalars. Names of the columns of x containing longitude and latitude. The default trying guessing the columns.
```

Value

`as_coord_matrix()` returns a `coord_matrix` object: A numeric `matrix` with the columns "lon" and "lat" (in that order)

See Also

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/7309121/preferred-order-of-writing-latitude-longitude-tuples>

smap

View spatial objects as interactive leaflet maps

Description

Can be used to preview spatial R objects

Usage

```
smap(
  x,
  ...,
  tools = TRUE,
  provider = getOption("smap.providers", "OpenStreetMap")
)

## S3 method for class 'leaflet'
smap(
  x,
  ...,
  tools = TRUE,
  provider = getOption("smap.providers", "OpenStreetMap")
)

## S3 method for class 'sf'
smap(
  x,
  ...,
  tools = TRUE,
  provider = getOption("smap.providers", "OpenStreetMap")
)

## Default S3 method:
smap(
```

```

x,
labels = NULL,
...,
tools = TRUE,
provider = getOption("smap.providers", "OpenStreetMap")
)

## S3 method for class 'sfc'
smap(
x,
...,
tools = TRUE,
provider = getOption("smap.providers", "OpenStreetMap")
)

## S3 method for class 'sfg'
smap(
x,
...,
tools = TRUE,
provider = getOption("smap.providers", "OpenStreetMap")
)

## S3 method for class 'matrix'
smap(
x,
labels = NULL,
...,
tools = TRUE,
provider = getOption("smap.providers", "OpenStreetMap")
)

```

Arguments

x	any input supported by smart_as_sf() or a leaflet map
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a matrix: Either a matrix with named longitude and latitude columns or an unnamed two column matrix containing longitude and latitude (in that order) • a data.frame with named longitude and latitude columns • an sf::sfc_POINT object • a named or unnamed numeric vector of length 2 containing a single longitude-latitude coordinate pair • a character scalar path or URL to a shapefile or zipped shapefile • a leaflet map
...	passed on to methods.
tools	logical scalar. If TRUE show additional tools on the resulting map (such as a ruler and the ability to switch between several background tiles)

provider	character vector. Name of one or several valid providers for leaflet::addProviderTiles() . If tools == TRUE you will be able to switch interactively between all supplied providers on the returned leaflet map, if tools == FALSE only the first provider will be used.
labels	an optional character vector of popup labels

Value

a [leaflet](#)::[leaflet](#) object

Examples

```
wp <- matrix(  
  c(16.419684, 48.186065,  
   16.373894, 48.207853,  
   16.285887, 48.083053),  
  byrow = TRUE,  
  ncol = 2  
)  
  
smap(wp)  
smap(c(16.419684, 48.186065))
```

smart_as_sf	<i>Smartly convert an object to a simple features data frame</i>
-------------	--

Description

Converts R objects to [sf](#)::[sf](#) objects, but supports a wider range of input data than [sf](#)::[st_as_sf](#).

Usage

```
smart_as_sf(x, ...)  
  
## Default S3 method:  
smart_as_sf(x, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'  
smart_as_sf(x, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'character'  
smart_as_sf(x, ...)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|-----|---|
| x | any of the following: |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a matrix: Either a matrix with named longitude and latitude columns or an unnamed two column matrix containing longitude and latitude (in that order) • a <code>data.frame</code> with named longitude and latitude columns • an <code>sf::sfc_POINT</code> object • a named or unnamed numeric vector of length 2 containing a single longitude-latitude coordinate pair • a character scalar path or URL to a shapefile or zipped shapefile |
| ... | ignored |

Value

an `sf::sf` data.frame

Note

`smart_as_sf.default()` looks if an `sf::st_as_sf()`, `sf::st_as_sfc()` or `as_coord_matrix()` method exists for x (in that order). If you are a package developer and want to support smartmap for a custom S3 class in your package, it is enough to provide one of these methods.

Examples

```
smart_as_sf(data.frame(lat = c(1,2,3), longitude = c(3,4,5)))
smart_as_sf(c(1, 2))
```

st_as_sf

Convert coordinate matrices to sf objects

Description

Convert coordinate matrices to sf objects

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'coord_matrix'
st_as_sf(x, ...)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|-----|-----------------------------|
| x | a <code>coord_matrix</code> |
| ... | ignored |

Value

an `sf::sf()` object with an `sfc_POINT`-geometry column

See Also

[sf::st_as_sf\(\)](#)

`st_as_sf`

Convert coordinate matrices to sf objects

Description

Convert coordinate matrices to sf objects

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'coord_matrix'  
st_as_sf(x, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	a <code>coord_matrix</code>
<code>...</code>	ignored

Value

an [sf::sf\(\)](#) object of subclass `sfc_POINT`

See Also

[sf::st_as_sf\(\)](#)

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