Package 'ssrn'

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Title Scan Statistics for Railway Network

Version 0.1.0

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Description Implement the algorithm provided in scan for estimating the transmission route on railway network using passenger volume. It is a generalization of the scan statistic approach for railway network to identify the hot railway route for transmitting infectious diseases.

URL https://github.com/uribo/ssrn

BugReports https://github.com/uribo/ssrn/issues

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Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 7.1.0

Depends R (>= 3.2.0)

Imports dplyr (>= 1.0.0), magrittr (>= 1.5), purrr (>= 0.3.4), rlang (>= 0.4.6), stringr (>= 1.4.0), tibble (>= 3.0.1), tidyr (>= 1.1.0)

Suggests testthat, scanstatistics

NeedsCompilation no

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jreast_jt

East Japan Railway's Tokaido Line Data

Description

East Japan Railway's Tokaido Line Data

Details

Includes the names of stations between Tokyo and Yugawara as of June 2020.

- st_code: A unique number to identify the station.
- st_name: Romanization of station names.

Value

• jreast_jt a tibble

jreast_jt_od JR-East Tokaido Line OD Data

Description

JR-East Tokaido Line OD Data

Details

Census values made in 2015. The number of passengers between stations on the Tokaido Line. These values are those of commuter pass users.

- departure_st_code: Departing station identification number.
- arrive_st_code: The identification number of the station you are arriving at.
- volume Number of people getting on and off the train.

Value

• jreast_jt_od a tibble

See Also

```
https://www.mlit.go.jp/sogoseisaku/transport/sosei_transport_tk_000035.html
```

make_adjacency_matrix Convert station data to adjacency matrix

Description

Convert station data to adjacency matrix

Usage

```
make_adjacency_matrix(stations, depart, arrive)
```

Arguments

stations	data.frame which set of stopping points recorded in order of stopping.
depart	Column name of a stop.
arrive	Give the name of the column indicating the next stop at the target stop.

Examples

```
make_adjacency_matrix(jreast_jt, st_code, next_st_code)
```

make_passenger_matrix Convert passenger and station data to origin-destination matrix

Description

Convert passenger and station data to origin-destination matrix

Usage

```
make_passenger_matrix(passenger, stations, depart, arrive, location, value)
```

Arguments

passenger	passenger data
stations	data.frame which set of stopping points recorded in order of stopping.
depart	Column name of a stop.
arrive	Give the name of the column indicating the next stop at the target stop.
location	Name of the variable to use for the join, indicating its location.
value	origin-destination value name

Examples

make_passenger_od Summaries a passenger volume

Description

Summaries a passenger volume

Usage

```
make_passenger_od(
   passenger,
   stations,
   depart,
   arrive,
   location,
   value,
   .all = FALSE
```

)

Arguments

passenger	passenger data
stations	data.frame which set of stopping points recorded in order of stopping.
depart	Column name of a stop.
arrive	Give the name of the column indicating the next stop at the target stop.
location	Name of the variable to use for the join, indicating its location.
value	origin-destination value name
.all	Make a join that contains rows of two datasets. The default value is FALSE.

Examples

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network_window Create network window zones

Description

Create network window zones

Usage

```
network_window(adjacency_matrix, dist_matrix, type, cluster_max)
```

Arguments

adjacency_matrix

	A boolean matrix, with element (i,j) set to TRUE if location j is adjacent to location i .
dist_matrix	Distance matrix
type	Currently, "connected_B" only.
cluster_max	Maximum cluster size. Zone If this value is reached, the area will not be ex- panded any further. It's a good idea to keep it to the number of stops on the line you're dealing with.

transit_table Create transit table

Description

Create transit table

Usage

```
transit_table(stations, ..., reverse = FALSE)
```

Arguments

stations	data.frame which set of stopping points recorded in order of stopping.
	Arguments passed on to dplyr::across
	.cols <tidy-select>Columns to transform. Because across() is used within functions like summarise() and mutate(), you can't select or compute upon grouping variables.</tidy-select>
reverse	Option to swap the order of the stopping points.

Examples

```
# The next stop is stored in the variable of column next_.
jreast_jt %>%
    transit_table()
# Switch between inbound and outbound lines.
jreast_jt %>%
    transit_table(reverse = TRUE)
```

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