# Package 'vaxpmx'

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Type Package

Title Vaccines Pharmacometrics

Version 0.0.6

**Depends** R (>= 4.0)

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Description Estimate vaccine efficacy (VE) using immunogenicity data.

The inclusion of immunogenicity data in regression models can increase precision in VE. The methods are described in the publications ``Elucidating vaccine efficacy using a correlate of protection, demographics, and logistic regression" and ``Improving precision of vaccine efficacy evaluation using immune correlate data in time-to-event models" by Julie Dudasova, Zdenek Valenta, and Jeffrey R. Sachs (2024).

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**Encoding** UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

Imports methods (>= 3.5.2), stats, MASS (>= 7.3-51.6), dplyr (>= 1.0.0), survival (>= 3.2-11)

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, testthat

NeedsCompilation no

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coxphParametricSampling

Accounting for the uncertainty on the fitted "coxph" model and observed data

#### Description

coxphParametricSampling is used for vaccine efficacy confidence interval construction. It provides a vector of vaccine efficacy values, with length of nboot. 95% confidence interval, defined by 2.5th and 97.5th quantile of this vector, accounts for the uncertainty on the model fit (via parametric resampling of the posterior distribution of the model parameters) and observed data (via bootstrapping).

#### Usage

```
coxphParametricSampling(Fit, nboot = 2000, Data.vaccinated, Data.control)
```

#### Arguments

Fit	an object of class inheriting from "coxph" representing the fitted model
nboot	a numeric value for number of bootstrap samples for confidence interval con- struction
Data.vaccinated	L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L
	a data frame for the vaccinated group, containing the variables in the fitted model
Data.control	a data frame for the control group, containing the variables in the fitted model

#### Value

a vector of vaccine efficacy values VE\_set, with length of nboot

#### Examples

```
# Load required packages
library(dplyr)
library(survival)
# Load an example dataset
data(data_temp)
Data.vaccinated <- filter(data_temp, vaccine == 1)
Data.control <- filter(data_temp, vaccine == 0)</pre>
```

# Fit Cox proportional hazards model relating neutralizing titer

#### data\_temp

```
# to time to disease or end of follow-up
coxFit <- coxph(Surv(time_event, disease_any) ~ nAb1, data = data_temp)
# Estimate 95\% confidence interval of vaccine efficacy based on the fitted model
efficacySet <- coxphParametricSampling(coxFit, nboot = 500, Data.vaccinated, Data.control)
CI <- lapply(EfficacyCI(efficacySet),"*", 100)</pre>
```

data\_temp

Example of a hypothetical vaccine clinical trial data set

#### Description

A dataset containing immunogenicity data, and clinical outcome data in the vaccinated and control groups. The dataset is provided in the form of a data frame.

#### Usage

data\_temp

#### Format

Data frame:

**ID** identification of subjects

nAb1 value of neutralizing titer for serotype 1

nAb2 value of neutralizing titer for serotype 2

group binary indicator of a baseline demographic characteristics of interest

vaccine binary indicator of treatment arm, with value 1 in vaccinated and 0 in control subjects

type\_disease serotype of disease

disease\_any binary indicator of disease caused by any serotype

time\_event time to disease or end of follow-up in days

EfficacyCI

Efficacy summary (mean, median, confidence intervals)

#### Description

Function summarizes efficacy statistics (mean, median, confidence intervals) based on the set of estimated efficacy values and chosen condfidence interval.

#### Usage

EfficacyCI(efficacySet, ci = 0.95)

#### Arguments

efficacySet	numeric vector - vector of estimated efficacy values
ci	numeric - required confidence level

#### Details

Confidence intervals are calculated using quantiles of estimated efficacy values.

#### Value

named list - mean, median, CILow, CIHigh

#### Examples

# Load required packages
library(dplyr)

```
# Load an example dataset
data(data_temp)
Data.vaccinated <- filter(data_temp, vaccine == 1)
Data.control <- filter(data_temp, vaccine == 0)</pre>
```

```
# Fit logistic model relating neutralizing titer to disease status
logisticFit <- glm(disease_any ~ nAb1, data = data_temp, family = binomial())</pre>
```

```
# Estimate 95\% confidence interval of vaccine efficacy based on the fitted model
efficacySet <- glmParametricSampling(logisticFit, nboot = 500, Data.vaccinated, Data.control)
EfficacyCI(efficacySet)
```

glmParametricSampling Accounting for the uncertainty on the fitted "glm" model and observed data

#### Description

glmParametricSampling is used for vaccine efficacy confidence interval construction. It provides a vector of vaccine efficacy values, with length of nboot. 95% confidence interval, defined by 2.5th and 97.5th percentile of this vector, accounts for the uncertainty on the model fit (via parametric resampling of the posterior distribution of the model parameters) and observed data (via bootstrapping).

#### Usage

```
glmParametricSampling(Fit, nboot = 2000, Data.vaccinated, Data.control)
```

#### vaxpmx

#### Arguments

Fit	an object of class inheriting from "glm" representing the fitted model
nboot	a numeric value for number of bootstrap samples for confidence interval con- struction
Data.vaccinated	
	a data frame for the vaccinated group, containing the variables in the fitted model; data must include a column called "vaccine" with binary indicator of vaccination status
Data.control	a data frame for the control group, containing the variables in the fitted model; data must include a column called "vaccine" with binary indicator of vaccination status

#### Value

a vector of vaccine efficacy values VE\_set, with length of nboot

#### Examples

```
# Load required packages
library(dplyr)
# Load an example dataset
data(data_temp)
Data.vaccinated <- filter(data_temp, vaccine == 1)
Data.control <- filter(data_temp, vaccine == 0)
# Fit logistic model relating neutralizing titer to disease status
logisticFit <- glm(disease_any ~ nAb1, data = data_temp, family = binomial())
# Estimate 95\% confidence interval of vaccine efficacy based on the fitted model
efficacySet <- glmParametricSampling(logisticFit, nboot = 500, Data.vaccinated, Data.control)
CI <- lapply(EfficacyCI(efficacySet),"*", 100)</pre>
```

vaxpmx

vaxpmx

#### Description

pharmacometric modeling in vaccines

#### Author(s)

Julie Dudasova

#### Description

Calculates vaccine efficacy and confidence interval as described in Dudasova et al., 2024, BMC Med Res Methodol and Dudasova et al., 2024, NPJ Vaccines

#### Usage

ve(Fit, Data, nboot = 2000)

#### Arguments

Fit	an object of class inheriting from "glm" or "coxph" representing the fitted model
Data	a data frame containing the variables in the fitted model; data must include a column called "vaccine" with binary indicator of vaccination status
nboot	a numeric value for number of bootstrap samples for confidence interval con- struction

#### Value

a value of vaccine efficacy VE and lower and upper bound of confidence interval CI

#### Examples

```
#' # Load required packages
library(survival)
# Load an example dataset
data(data_temp)
# Fit logistic model relating neutralizing titer to disease status
logisticFit <- glm(disease_any ~ nAb1, data = data_temp, family = binomial())
# Fit Cox proportional hazards model relating neutralizing titer
# to time to disease or end of follow-up
coxFit <- coxph(Surv(time_event, disease_any) ~ nAb1, data = data_temp)
# Estimate vaccine efficacy and 95\% confidence interval based on the fitted models
ve(logisticFit, data_temp, nboot = 500)
ve(coxFit, data_temp, nboot = 500)
```

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