

Package ‘vchartr’

January 15, 2025

Title Interactive Charts with the 'JavaScript' 'VChart' Library

Version 0.1.4

Description Provides an 'htmlwidgets' interface to 'VChart.js'.

'VChart', more than just a cross-platform charting library, but also an expressive data storyteller.

'VChart' examples and documentation are available here: <<https://www.visactor.io/vchart>>.

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Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

Imports ggplot2, htmlwidgets, magrittr, rlang, scales

Suggests bslib, knitr, geojsonio, palmerpenguins, rmarkdown, sf, shiny

VignetteBuilder knitr

Depends R (>= 2.10)

LazyData true

URL <https://dreamrs.github.io/vchartr/>

NeedsCompilation no

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Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2025-01-15 16:40:02 UTC

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<i>vchartr-package</i>	<i>An htmlwidget interface to the VChart javascript chart library</i>
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Description

This package allow you to use VChart.js (<https://www.visactor.io/vchart>), to create interactive charts.

Author(s)

Victor Perrier (@dreamRs_fr)

See Also

Useful links:

- <https://dreamrs.github.io/vchartr/>

<i>co2_emissions</i>	<i>CO2 emissions</i>
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Description

This dataset represents CO2 emissions for a subset of country over the period 1990 - 2022.

Usage

`co2_emissions`

Format

A data frame with 495 observations and 11 variables:

- `country` : Country - Geographic location.
- `year` : Year - Year of observation.
- `co2` : Annual CO2 emissions - Annual total emissions of carbon dioxide (CO2), excluding land-use change, measured in million tonnes.

- `co2_per_gdp` : Annual CO2 emissions per GDP (kg per international-\$) - Annual total emissions of carbon dioxide (CO2), excluding land-use change, measured in kilograms per dollar of GDP (2011 international-\$).
- `co2_per_capita` : Annual CO2 emissions (per capita) - Annual total emissions of carbon dioxide (CO2), excluding land-use change, measured in tonnes per person.
- `co2_growth_abs` : Annual CO2 emissions growth (abs) - Annual growth in total emissions of carbon dioxide (CO2), excluding land-use change, measured in million tonnes.
- `co2_growth_prct` : Annual CO2 emissions growth (%) - Annual percentage growth in total emissions of carbon dioxide (CO2), excluding land-use change.
- `co2_per_unit_energy` : Annual CO2 emissions per unit energy (kg per kilowatt-hour) - Annual total emissions of carbon dioxide (CO2), excluding land-use change, measured in kilograms per kilowatt-hour of primary energy consumption.
- `consumption_co2` : Annual consumption-based CO2 emissions - Annual consumption-based emissions of carbon dioxide (CO2), measured in million tonnes.
- `consumption_co2_per_capita` : Per capita consumption-based CO2 emissions - Annual consumption-based emissions of carbon dioxide (CO2), measured in tonnes per person.
- `consumption_co2_per_gdp` : Annual consumption-based CO2 emissions per GDP (kg per international-\$) - Annual consumption-based emissions of carbon dioxide (CO2), measured in kilograms per dollar of GDP (2011 international-\$).

Note

Documentation is from Our World In Data, see <https://github.com/owid/co2-data> for the data and <https://ourworldindata.org/co2-and-greenhouse-gas-emissions> for more about CO2 emissions.

Source

[Our World In Data](#)

co2_world

World CO2 emissions

Description

This dataset contains world polygons with CO2 emissions.

Usage

co2_world

Format

A data frame with 495 observations and 11 variables:

- iso_code : ISO code A3 for country.
- name : Name of country.
- co2 : Annual CO2 emissions - Annual total emissions of carbon dioxide (CO2), excluding land-use change, measured in million tonnes.
- co2_per_capita : Annual CO2 emissions (per capita) - Annual total emissions of carbon dioxide (CO2), excluding land-use change, measured in tonnes per person.
- geometry : Geographical attributes.

Note

Documentation is from Our World In Data, see <https://github.com/owid/co2-data> for the data and <https://ourworldindata.org/co2-and-greenhouse-gas-emissions> for more about CO2 emissions.

Source

[Our World In Data](#)

countries_gdp

Countries GDP

Description

These data represent the GDP of the world's countries, classified by continent and sub-region. This is a subset of the dataset `rnaturalearth::countries110`.

Usage

```
countries_gdp
```

Format

A data frame with 177 observations and 3 variables:

- REGION_UN : Continent
- SUBREGION : Sub-region in the continent
- ADMIN : Administrative name of country
- GDP_MD : GDP

Source

Package [rnaturalearth](#)

eco2mix

Monthly electricity generation by source in France

Description

This dataset represents monthly electricity generation by source in France over the period 2012 - 2024.

Usage

eco2mix

Format

A data frame with 151 observations and 10 variables:

- date : Date
- fuel : Fuel generation in MW
- coal : Coal generation in MW
- gas : Gas generation in MW
- nuclear : Nuclear generation in MW
- wind : Wind generation in MW
- solar : Solar generation in MW
- hydraulic : Hydraulic generation in MW
- pumping : Pumping generation in MW
- bioenergies : Bioenergies generation in MW

Source

eco2mix

eco2mix_long

Monthly electricity generation by source in France (long format)

Description

This dataset represents monthly electricity generation by source in France over the period 2012 - 2024.

Usage

eco2mix_long

Format

A data frame with 1359 observations and 3 variables:

- date : Date
- source : Production according to the different sectors making up the energy mix.
- production : Generation in MW

Source

[eco2mix](#)

electricity_mix	<i>Electricity mix for 10 countries</i>
-----------------	---

Description

This dataset represents the electricity mix of 10 countries (those with the highest electricity generation) in 2023.

Usage

electricity_mix

Format

A data frame with 70 observations and 3 variables:

- country : Country name
- source : source of electricity
- generation : Total electricity generation - Measured in terawatt-hours.
- type : Low carbon or fossil fuels type of source.

Source

[Our World In Data](#)

energy_sankey	<i>Data for Sankey Chart</i>
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Description

These data represent how energy is converted or transmitted before being consumed or lost.

Usage

energy_sankey

Format

A data frame with 177 observations and 3 variables:

- source : Source
- target : Target
- value : Energy in TWh

Source

Department of Energy & Climate Change via Tom Counsell

format-date	<i>Format date with dayjs JavaScript library</i>
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Description

Format date with dayjs JavaScript library

Usage

```
format_date_dayjs(format, prefix = "", suffix = "", locale = "en")
```

```
format_datetime_dayjs(  
  format,  
  prefix = "",  
  suffix = "",  
  locale = "en",  
  tz = NULL  
)
```

```
label_format_date(format)
```

```
label_format_datetime(format, tz = NULL)
```

Arguments

format	Format for dates, see online documentation .
prefix	Character string to append before formatted value.
suffix	Character string to append after formatted value.
locale	Localization to use, for example "fr" for french, see possible values online .
tz	Timezone to use.

Value

a JS function.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)
```

```
### Format date
```

```
# date in french in %B %y format
```

```
vchart(eco2mix) %>%
```

```
  v_line(aes(date, solar)) %>%
```

```
  v_scale_x_date(
```

```
    date_labels = format_date_dayjs("MMMM YY", locale = "fr")
```

```
  )
```

```
# date in arabic in %A %d %b %Y format
```

```
vchart(eco2mix) %>%
```

```
  v_line(aes(date, solar)) %>%
```

```
  v_scale_x_date(
```

```
    date_labels = format_date_dayjs("dddd D MMM YYYY", locale = "ar")
```

```
  )
```

```
format_num_d3
```

```
Format numbers with D3
```

Description

Format numbers with D3

Usage

```
format_num_d3(format, prefix = "", suffix = "", locale = "en-US")
```

Arguments

format	Format for numbers, currency, percentage, e.g. ".0%" for rounded percentage. See online documentation : https://github.com/d3/d3-format .
prefix	Character string to append before formatted value.
suffix	Character string to append after formatted value.
locale	Localization to use, for example "fr-FR" for french, see possible values here: https://github.com/d3/d3-format/tree/master/locale .

Value

a JS function.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)
```

mark-area

Add a rectangle annotation to a chart

Description

Add a rectangle annotation to a chart

Usage

```
v_mark_rect(
  vc,
  xmin = NULL,
  xmax = NULL,
  ymin = NULL,
  ymax = NULL,
  .area.style.fill = "grey35",
  .area.style.fillOpacity = 0.3,
  .label.text = NULL,
  .label.position = "insideTop",
  .label.refY = 0,
  .label.refX = 0
)
```

```
v_mark_polygon(
  vc,
  coords,
  .area.style.fill = "grey35",
  .area.style.fillOpacity = 0.3,
  .label.text = NULL,
```

```

    .label.position = "insideTop",
    .label.refY = 0,
    .label.refX = 0
  )

```

Arguments

`vc` An `htmlwidget` created with `vchart()`.

`xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax` Target position for the rectangle. Use `NULL` to target chart's limits. You can also use relative values, e.g. "50%".

`.area.style.fill` Fill color.

`.area.style.fillOpacity` Fill opacity.

`.label.text` Text for the label on the line.

`.label.position` The label position of the dimension line (the relative position of the label relative to the line). See [online documentation](#) for options.

`.label.refY, .label.refX` The offset in the vertical direction of the reference line.

`coords` A `data.frame` (or something that can be converted to `data.frame`) with two columns, first will be used as x coordinates, second as y.

Value

A `vchart()` `htmlwidget` object.

Examples

```

library(vchartr)

# Draw a rectangle
vchart(cars) %>%
  v_scatter(aes(speed, dist)) %>%
  v_mark_rect(
    xmin = 10,
    xmax = 18,
    ymin = 20,
    ymax = 50
  )

# don't provide x or y to reach chart's limit
vchart(cars) %>%
  v_scatter(aes(speed, dist)) %>%
  v_mark_rect(
    xmin = 10,
    xmax = 18
  )

```

```

vchart(cars) %>%
  v_scatter(aes(speed, dist)) %>%
  v_mark_rect(
    ymin = 10,
    ymax = 18
  )

vchart(cars) %>%
  v_scatter(aes(speed, dist)) %>%
  v_mark_rect(
    xmin = "50%",
    xmax = "100%", # from right to left
    ymin = "50%",
    ymax = "100%" # note that for y it's from top to bottom
  )

# Whith date scale
vchart(temperatures) %>%
  v_line(aes(date, average)) %>%
  v_mark_rect(
    xmin = as.Date("2024-06-20"),
    xmax = as.Date("2024-09-22"),
    .label.text = "Summer"
  )

# Draw a polygon
vchart(cars) %>%
  v_scatter(aes(speed, dist)) %>%
  v_mark_polygon(
    coords = list(
      x = c(7, 22, 15),
      y = c(10, 50, 80)
    )
  )

```

mark-line

Add an horizontal or vertical line to a chart

Description

Add an horizontal or vertical line to a chart

Usage

```

v_mark_vline(
  vc,

```

```
x,  
...,  
.line.style.stroke = "#000",  
.line.style.lineDash = list(8, 8),  
.label.text = NULL,  
.label.position = "end",  
.label.refY = 0,  
.label.refX = 0,  
.endSymbol.style.visible = FALSE,  
.startSymbol.style.visible = FALSE  
)  
  
v_mark_hline(  
vc,  
y,  
...,  
.line.style.stroke = "#000",  
.line.style.lineDash = list(8, 8),  
.label.text = NULL,  
.label.position = "insideEndBottom",  
.label.refY = -10,  
.label.refX = 0,  
.endSymbol.style.visible = FALSE,  
.startSymbol.style.visible = FALSE  
)  
  
v_mark_segment(  
vc,  
x,  
xend,  
y,  
yend,  
...,  
.line.style.stroke = "#000",  
.line.style.lineDash = list(8, 8),  
.label.text = NULL,  
.label.position = "insideEndBottom",  
.label.refY = -10,  
.label.refX = 0,  
.endSymbol.style.visible = FALSE,  
.startSymbol.style.visible = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

vc	An htmlwidget created with <code>vchart()</code> .
x, y, xend, yend	Target position for the line.
...	Additional parameters for the line, see online documentation for more.

`.line.style.stroke`
Stroke color.

`.line.style.lineDash`
Used to configure the dashed line mode when filling lines. It uses an array of values to specify the alternating lengths of lines and gaps that describe the pattern.

`.label.text` Text for the label on the line.

`.label.position`
The label position of the dimension line (the relative position of the label relative to the line). See [online documentation](#) for options.

`.label.refY, .label.refX`
The offset in the vertical direction of the reference line.

`.endSymbol.style.visible, .startSymbol.style.visible`
Whether the symbol element is visible or not.

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)

# Vertical line
vchart(meteo_paris) %>%
  v_line(aes(month, temperature_avg)) %>%
  v_mark_vline(x = "May")

# Vertical lines with labels
vchart(meteo_paris) %>%
  v_line(aes(month, temperature_avg)) %>%
  v_mark_vline(
    x = c("May", "September"),
    .label.text = c("May", "September")
  )

# Horizontal line
vchart(meteo_paris) %>%
  v_line(aes(month, temperature_avg)) %>%
  v_mark_hline(y = 12)

# Both horizontal and vertical lines
vchart(meteo_paris) %>%
  v_line(aes(month, temperature_avg)) %>%
  v_mark_vline(x = "May") %>%
  v_mark_hline(y = 12)

# lines on a scatter plot
vchart(cars) %>%
  v_scatter(aes(speed, dist)) %>%
  v_mark_vline(x = mean(cars$speed)) %>%
```

```
v_mark_hline(y = mean(cars$dist))

# segment
vchart(cars) %>%
  v_scatter(aes(speed, dist)) %>%
  v_mark_segment(x = 8, xend = 22, y = 12, yend = 100)

# line on date scale
vchart(temperatures) %>%
  v_line(aes(date, average)) %>%
  v_mark_vline(x = as.Date("2024-06-20"))

# segment on date scale
vchart(temperatures) %>%
  v_line(aes(date, average)) %>%
  v_mark_segment(
    x = as.Date("2024-04-01"), xend = as.Date("2024-07-01"),
    y = 12, yend = 24,
    .line.style.lineDash = 0,
    .line.style.stroke = "firebrick"
  )
```

meteo_paris

Paris climate

Description

This data contains information about the climate in Paris, France.

Usage

```
meteo_paris
```

Format

A data frame with 177 observations and 3 variables:

- month : Month of the year
- temperature_avg : Average temperature (°C)
- temperature_min : Average minimum temperature (°C)
- temperature_max : Average maximum temperature (°C)
- precipitation : Precipitation (mm)
- humidity : Humidity (%)
- rainy_days : Rainy days (days)
- sunshine_hours : Sunshine hours (h)

Source

[Climate-data.org](https://climate-data.org)

scale-color-manual *Manual color scale*

Description

Manual color scale

Discrete color scale

Usage

```
v_scale_color_manual(vc, values)
```

```
v_scale_fill_manual(vc, values)
```

```
v_scale_color_discrete(vc, palette)
```

```
v_scale_fill_discrete(vc, palette)
```

Arguments

vc	An htmlwidget created with <code>vchart()</code> or specific chart's type function.
values	A named list with data values as name and color as values
palette	A color vector or the name of an R palette.

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)

subset(electricity_mix, country %in% c("France", "Canada")) %>%
  vchart() %>%
  v_bar(aes(country, generation, fill = source)) %>%
  v_scale_fill_manual(c(
    "oil" = "#80549f",
    "coal" = "#a68832",
    "solar" = "#d66b0d",
    "gas" = "#f20809",
    "wind" = "#72cbb7",
    "hydro" = "#2672b0",
    "nuclear" = "#e4a701"
```

```

))

vchart(palmerpenguins::penguins) %>%
  v_scatter(
    aes(x = flipper_length_mm, y = body_mass_g, color = species)
  ) %>%
  v_scale_color_manual(c(
    Adelie = "#ffa232",
    Chinstrap = "#33a2a2",
    Gentoo = "#b34df2"
  ))

library(vchartr)

subset(electricity_mix, country %in% c("France", "Canada")) %>%
  vchart() %>%
  v_bar(aes(country, generation, fill = source)) %>%
  v_scale_fill_discrete("Okabe-Ito")

subset(electricity_mix, country %in% c("France", "Canada")) %>%
  vchart() %>%
  v_bar(aes(country, generation, fill = source)) %>%
  v_scale_fill_discrete("ggplot2")

# or
subset(electricity_mix, country %in% c("France", "Canada")) %>%
  vchart() %>%
  v_bar(aes(country, generation, fill = source)) %>%
  v_scale_fill_discrete(palette.colors(palette = "ggplot2")[-1])

```

scale-continuous

Axis scale for continuous data

Description

Axis scale for continuous data

Usage

```

v_scale_x_continuous(
  vc,
  name = NULL,
  breaks = NULL,
  pretty = TRUE,
  labels = NULL,
  labels_tooltip = labels,
  zero = NULL,
  min = NULL,
  max = NULL,

```

```
    ...,
    position = "bottom"
)

v_scale_y_continuous(
  vc,
  name = NULL,
  breaks = NULL,
  pretty = TRUE,
  labels = NULL,
  labels_tooltip = labels,
  zero = NULL,
  min = NULL,
  max = NULL,
  ...,
  position = "left"
)

v_scale_x_log(
  vc,
  name = NULL,
  breaks = NULL,
  pretty = TRUE,
  labels = NULL,
  labels_tooltip = labels,
  zero = NULL,
  min = NULL,
  max = NULL,
  ...,
  position = "bottom"
)

v_scale_y_log(
  vc,
  name = NULL,
  breaks = NULL,
  pretty = TRUE,
  labels = NULL,
  labels_tooltip = labels,
  zero = NULL,
  min = NULL,
  max = NULL,
  ...,
  position = "left"
)
```

Arguments

`vc` An htmlwidget created with `vchart()` or specific chart's type function.

name	Title for the axis.
breaks	One of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A single numeric value giving the number of breaks. • A numeric vector of positions.
pretty	Use <code>pretty()</code> to identify breaks if breaks is a single numeric value.
labels, labels_tooltip	The format to be applied on numeric in the labels/tooltip. Either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A single character indicating the D3 format. • A JS function, such as <code>format_num_d3()</code>.
zero	Force axis to start at 0.
min	Minimum value on the axis.
max	Maximum value on the axis.
...	Additional parameters for the axis.
position	Position of the axis.

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)

# Add a title to the axis
vchart(top_generation) %>%
  v_bar(aes(country, electricity_generation)) %>%
  v_scale_y_continuous(name = "Electricity generation")

vchart(subset(world_electricity, type == "total")) %>%
  v_bar(aes(year, generation, fill = source)) %>%
  v_scale_y_continuous(name = "Electricity generation")

# Specify number of breaks
vchart(top_generation) %>%
  v_bar(aes(country, electricity_generation)) %>%
  v_scale_y_continuous(breaks = 10)

# Specify breaks position
vchart(top_generation) %>%
  v_bar(aes(country, electricity_generation)) %>%
  v_scale_y_continuous(breaks = c(0, 5000, 10000))

# Format labels
vchart(top_generation) %>%
  v_bar(aes(country, electricity_generation)) %>%
  v_scale_y_continuous(labels = "~s")

# Format labels with options
```

```
vchart(top_generation) %>%  
  v_bar(aes(country, electricity_generation)) %>%  
  v_scale_y_continuous(labels = format_num_d3(",", suffix = " TWh", locale = "fr-FR"))  
  
vchart(subset(world_electricity, type == "total")) %>%  
  v_bar(aes(year, generation, fill = source)) %>%  
  v_scale_y_continuous(labels = format_num_d3(",", suffix = " TWh", locale = "fr-FR"))
```

scale-date

Axis scale for date/time data

Description

Axis scale for date/time data

Usage

```
v_scale_x_date(  
  vc,  
  name = NULL,  
  date_breaks = NULL,  
  date_labels = NULL,  
  date_labels_tooltip = date_labels,  
  min = NULL,  
  max = NULL,  
  ...,  
  position = "bottom"  
)  
  
v_scale_y_date(  
  vc,  
  name = NULL,  
  date_breaks = NULL,  
  date_labels = NULL,  
  date_labels_tooltip = date_labels,  
  min = NULL,  
  max = NULL,  
  ...,  
  position = "left"  
)  
  
v_scale_x_datetime(  
  vc,  
  name = NULL,  
  date_breaks = NULL,  
  date_labels = NULL,  
  date_labels_tooltip = date_labels,
```

```

    tz = NULL,
    min = NULL,
    max = NULL,
    ...,
    position = "bottom"
)

v_scale_y_datetime(
  vc,
  name = NULL,
  date_breaks = NULL,
  date_labels = NULL,
  date_labels_tooltip = date_labels,
  tz = NULL,
  min = NULL,
  max = NULL,
  ...,
  position = "left"
)

```

Arguments

<code>vc</code>	An htmlwidget created with <code>vchart()</code> or specific chart's type function.
<code>name</code>	Title for the axis.
<code>date_breaks</code>	One of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A single numeric value giving the number of breaks. • A string giving the distance between breaks like "2 weeks", or "10 years". • A Date/POSIXct vector giving positions of breaks.
<code>date_labels</code>	The format to be applied on Date/POSIXct in the labels, see <code>format_date_dayjs()</code> .
<code>date_labels_tooltip</code>	The format to be applied on Date/POSIXct in the tooltip, see <code>format_date_dayjs()</code> .
<code>min</code>	Minimum value on the axis.
<code>max</code>	Maximum value on the axis.
<code>...</code>	Additional parameters for the axis.
<code>position</code>	Position of the axis.
<code>tz</code>	The timezone.

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```

library(vchartr)

# Add a title to the axis

```

```

vchart(eco2mix) %>%
  v_line(aes(date, solar)) %>%
  v_scale_x_date(name = "Date")

# Specify number of labels
vchart(eco2mix) %>%
  v_line(aes(date, solar)) %>%
  v_scale_x_date(date_breaks = 5)

# Specify intervals between labels
vchart(eco2mix) %>%
  v_line(aes(date, solar)) %>%
  v_scale_x_date(date_breaks = "2 years")

# Format labels
vchart(eco2mix) %>%
  v_line(aes(date, solar)) %>%
  v_scale_x_date(date_labels = "MM-YYYY")

# Other format for labels
vchart(eco2mix) %>%
  v_line(aes(date, solar)) %>%
  v_scale_x_date(date_labels = "MMM YYYY")

# Format labels with locale
vchart(eco2mix) %>%
  v_line(aes(date, solar)) %>%
  v_scale_x_date(
    date_labels = format_date_dayjs("MMMM YY", locale = "fr")
  )

# Different formats in labels and tooltip
vchart(eco2mix) %>%
  v_line(aes(date, solar)) %>%
  v_scale_x_date(
    date_labels = "YYYY-MM",
    date_labels_tooltip = "MMMM YYYY"
  )

```

scale-discrete

Axis scale for discrete data

Description

Axis scale for discrete data

Usage

```
v_scale_x_discrete(vc, name = NULL, ..., position = "bottom")
```

```
v_scale_y_discrete(vc, name = NULL, ..., position = "left")
```

Arguments

vc	An htmlwidget created with <code>vchart()</code> or specific chart's type function.
name	Title for the axis.
...	Additional parameters for the axis.
position	Position of the axis.

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)
```

scale-gradient	<i>Color scale for continuous data</i>
----------------	--

Description

Color scale for continuous data

Usage

```
v_scale_colour_gradient(
  vc,
  name = NULL,
  low = "#132B43",
  high = "#56B1F7",
  limits = NULL,
  position = c("right", "bottom", "left", "top"),
  align = c("middle", "start", "end")
)
```

```
v_scale_fill_gradient(
  vc,
  name = NULL,
  low = "#132B43",
  high = "#56B1F7",
  limits = NULL,
  position = c("right", "bottom", "left", "top"),
  align = c("middle", "start", "end")
)
```

Arguments

<code>vc</code>	An htmlwidget created with <code>vchart()</code> or specific chart's type function.
<code>name</code>	Title for the legend.
<code>low, high</code>	Colours for low and high ends of the gradient.
<code>limits</code>	Limits of the scale, default (NULL) is to use the default scale range of the data.
<code>position</code>	Position of the legend.
<code>align</code>	Alignment of the legend.

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)
data("penguins", package = "palmerpenguins")

vchart(penguins) %>%
  v_scatter(aes(
    x = bill_length_mm,
    y = bill_depth_mm,
    color = body_mass_g
  )) %>%
  v_scale_colour_gradient(
    name = "Body mass",
    low = "yellow",
    high = "red"
  )
```

temperatures

Temperature data

Description

The dataset contains data about temperatures in France between 2018 and 2022.

Usage

```
temperatures
```

Format

A data frame with 365 observations and 6 variables.

Source

[Enedis](#)

top_cran_downloads	<i>Top CRAN downloads</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

Description

The dataset contains data about CRAN downloads retrieved with `cranlogs::cran_top_downloads`.

Usage

```
top_cran_downloads
```

Format

A data frame with 100 observations and 5 variables.

Source

`cranlogs`

top_generation	<i>Top electricity-generating countries</i>
----------------	---

Description

This dataset represents the 10 countries with the highest electricity generation in 2023.

Usage

```
top_generation
```

Format

A data frame with 10 observations and 2 variables:

- `country` : Country name
- `electricity_generation` : Total electricity generation - Measured in terawatt-hours.

Source

`Our World In Data`

Description

VChart is a charting component library, see more about it here : <https://www.visactor.io/vchart>.

Usage

```
vchart(  
  data = NULL,  
  mapping = NULL,  
  ...,  
  width = NULL,  
  height = NULL,  
  elementId = NULL  
)
```

Arguments

data	Can be a <code>data.frame</code> if function used with other layers functions or a list of parameters for configuring a chart.
mapping	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart, only used if data is a <code>data.frame</code> .
...	Additional parameters.
width	Fixed width for widget (in css units). The default is <code>NULL</code> , which results in intelligent automatic sizing based on the widget's container.
height	Fixed height for widget (in css units). The default is <code>NULL</code> , which results in intelligent automatic sizing based on the widget's container.
elementId	Use an explicit element ID for the widget (rather than an automatically generated one). Useful if you have other JavaScript that needs to explicitly discover and interact with a specific widget instance.

Value

A `vchart()` `htmlwidget` object.

Note

This function allow you to use JavaScript function `VChart` directly, see <https://www.visactor.io/vchart/option/> for how to specify options.

Examples

```

library(vchartr)

# Use JS syntax to construct chart
vchart(
  type = "line",
  data = list(
    list(
      values = list(
        list(month = "January", value = 4.3),
        list(month = "February", value = 4.6),
        list(month = "March", value = 7.4),
        list(month = "April", value = 10.7),
        list(month = "May", value = 14.3),
        list(month = "June", value = 17.7),
        list(month = "July", value = 19.8),
        list(month = "August", value = 19.4),
        list(month = "September", value = 16.4),
        list(month = "October", value = 12.6),
        list(month = "November", value = 7.9),
        list(month = "December", value = 4.8)
      )
    )
  ),
  xField = "month",
  yField = "value",
  crosshair = list(
    xField = list(visible = TRUE)
  )
)

# or use R API
vchart(meteo_paris) %>%
  v_line(aes(month, temperature_avg)) %>%
  v_specs(
    crosshair = list(
      xField = list(visible = TRUE)
    )
  )

# or
vchart(meteo_paris, aes(month, temperature_avg)) %>%
  v_line() %>%
  v_specs(
    crosshair = list(
      xField = list(visible = TRUE)
    )
  )

# or
vchart() %>%
  v_line(aes(month, temperature_avg), data = meteo_paris) %>%

```

```
v_specs(
  crosshair = list(
    xField = list(visible = TRUE)
  )
)
```

vchart-shiny

Shiny bindings for vchart

Description

Output and render functions for using `vchart()` within Shiny applications and interactive Rmd documents.

Usage

```
vchartOutput(outputId, width = "100%", height = "400px")
```

```
renderVchart(expr, env = parent.frame(), quoted = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>outputId</code>	output variable to read from
<code>width, height</code>	Must be a valid CSS unit (like "100%", "400px", "auto") or a number, which will be coerced to a string and have "px" appended.
<code>expr</code>	An expression that generates an HTML widget (or a promise of an HTML widget).
<code>env</code>	The environment in which to evaluate <code>expr</code> .
<code>quoted</code>	Is <code>expr</code> a quoted expression (with <code>quote()</code>)? This is useful if you want to save an expression in a variable.

Value

An output or render function that enables the use of the widget within Shiny applications.

Examples

```
library(shiny)
library(bslib)
library(vchartr)

ui <- page_fluid(
  tags$div(
    style = "max-width: 900px; margin: auto;",
    tags$h2("vchart in shiny"),
    radioButtons(
      inputId = "data",
```

```

    label = "Show:",
    choiceNames = c("electricity mix by country", "countries generation by sources"),
    choiceValues = c("mix", "sources"),
    inline = TRUE
  ),
  conditionalPanel(
    condition = "input.data == 'mix'",
    selectInput(
      inputId = "country",
      label = "Select country:",
      choices = unique(electricity_mix$country)
    )
  ),
  conditionalPanel(
    condition = "input.data == 'sources'",
    selectInput(
      inputId = "source",
      label = "Select source:",
      choices = unique(electricity_mix$source)
    )
  ),
  vchartOutput(outputId = "mychart", height = "500px"),
  radioButtons(
    inputId = "type",
    label = "Represent as:",
    choices = c("bar", "pie", "treemap", "circlepacking"),
    inline = TRUE
  ),
  checkboxInput(
    inputId = "show_label",
    label = "Show label ?"
  )
)
)
)

server <- function(input, output, session) {

  output$mychart <- renderVchart({

    if (input$data == "mix") {
      elec_data <- subset(electricity_mix, country == input$country)
      mapping <- aes(source, generation, fill = source)
    } else {
      elec_data <- subset(electricity_mix, source == input$source)
      mapping <- aes(country, generation, fill = country)
    }

    vc <- vchart(elec_data, mapping = mapping)
    if (input$type == "bar") {
      vc <- vc %>%
        v_bar(serie_id = "bar_serie") %>%
        v_specs_legend(visible = FALSE) %>%
        v_specs(

```

```

      xField = "x",
      label = list(visible = input$show_label),
      serie_id = "bar_serie"
    )
  } else if (input$type == "pie") {
    vc <- vc %>%
      v_pie(label = list(visible = input$show_label))
  } else if (input$type == "treemap") {
    vc <- vc %>%
      v_treemap(label = list(visible = input$show_label))
  } else if (input$type == "circlepacking") {
    vc <- vc %>%
      v_circlepacking(label = list(style = list(visible = input$show_label)))
  }
vc %>%
  v_scale_color_manual(c(
    "oil" = "#80549f",
    "coal" = "#a68832",
    "solar" = "#d66b0d",
    "gas" = "#f20809",
    "wind" = "#72cbb7",
    "hydro" = "#2672b0",
    "nuclear" = "#e4a701"
  ))
})
}

if (interactive())
  shinyApp(ui, server)

```

vmap

Create a Map

Description

Create a Map

Usage

```

vmap(
  data,
  mapping = NULL,
  ...,
  projection = NULL,
  width = NULL,
  height = NULL,
  elementId = NULL
)

```

Arguments

data	An sf object.
mapping	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for map.
...	Configuration options for the map.
projection	Geographical mapping type. See online documentation for the various possible choices.
width	Fixed width for widget (in css units). The default is NULL, which results in intelligent automatic sizing based on the widget's container.
height	Fixed height for widget (in css units). The default is NULL, which results in intelligent automatic sizing based on the widget's container.
elementId	Use an explicit element ID for the widget (rather than an automatically generated one). Useful if you have other JavaScript that needs to explicitly discover and interact with a specific widget instance.

Value

A `vmap()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
if (rlang::is_installed(c("sf", "geojsonio"))) {

  library(vchartr)
  library(sf)

  # Create map from sf object
  vmap(co2_world)

  # Draw data on the map
  vmap(co2_world, aes(name = name, fill = co2_per_capita))

  # Change projection and colors
  vmap(
    co2_world,
    aes(name = name, fill = co2_per_capita),
    projection = "equalEarth"
  ) %>%
  v_specs_colors(
    range = c(
      "#FFFFE5", "#FFF7BC", "#FEE391",
      "#FEC44F", "#FE9929", "#EC7014",
      "#CC4C02", "#993404", "#662506"
    )
  ) %>%
  v_specs_legend(
    orient = "bottom",
    type = "color",
    field = "fill"
  )
}
```

```

# Map discrete data
vmap(
  co2_world[!is.na(co2_world$co2_per_capita), ],
  aes(
    name = name,
    fill = ifelse(co2_per_capita >= 2.3, "Above", "Under")
  )
) %>%
  v_specs(
    area = list(
      style = list(
        stroke = "#FFFFFF"
      )
    )
  )
}

```

v_area

Create an Area Chart

Description

Create an Area Chart

Usage

```

v_area(
  vc,
  mapping = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  stack = FALSE,
  area = list(style = list(curveType = "linear", fill = NULL, fillOpacity = NULL)),
  point = list(visible = FALSE),
  line = list(visible = FALSE),
  ...,
  serie_id = NULL,
  data_id = NULL
)

```

Arguments

vc	A chart initialized with <code>vchart()</code> .
mapping	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart.
data	Default dataset to use for chart. If not already a <code>data.frame</code> , it will be coerced to with <code>as.data.frame</code> .

name	Name for the serie, only used for single serie (no color/fill aesthetic supplied).
stack	Whether to stack the data or not (if fill aesthetic is provided).
area	Area's options, such as curve interpolation type, see online documentation .
point	Options for showing points on lines or not.
line	Options for showing lines or not.
...	Additional parameters for the serie.
data_id, serie_id	ID for the data/serie, can be used to further customize the chart with <code>v_specs()</code> .

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)

# Basic Area Chart
vchart(eco2mix) %>%
  v_area(aes(date, solar))

# Two areas
vchart(eco2mix, aes(date)) %>%
  v_area(aes(y = wind)) %>%
  v_area(aes(y = solar))

# Line chart with discrete x axis
vchart(data.frame(month = month.abb, value = sample(1:50, 12))) %>%
  v_area(aes(month, value))

# Fill color
vchart(data.frame(month = month.abb, value = sample(1:50, 12))) %>%
  v_area(
    aes(month, value),
    area = list(
      style = list(fill = "firebrick", fill_opacity = 0.9)
    )
  )

# Smooth Area Chart
vchart(data.frame(month = month.abb, value = sample(1:50, 12))) %>%
  v_area(
    aes(month, value),
    area = list(
      style = list(curveType = "monotone")
    )
  )

# Step Area Chart
```

```

vchart(data.frame(month = month.abb, value = sample(1:50, 12))) %>%
  v_area(
    aes(month, value),
    area = list(
      style = list(curveType = "stepAfter")
    )
  )

# Multiple areas
vchart(eco2mix_long) %>%
  v_area(aes(date, production, fill = source))

vchart(eco2mix_long) %>%
  v_area(
    aes(date, production, fill = source),
    stack = TRUE,
    area = list(
      style = list(fillOpacity = 1)
    )
  )

# Range area chart
vchart(temperatures, aes(date)) %>%
  v_area(aes(ymin = low, ymax = high)) %>%
  v_line(aes(y = average))

within(temperatures, {difference = `2024` - average}) %>%
  vchart(aes(date)) %>%
  v_area(
    aes(ymin = average, ymax = `2024`, difference = difference),
    area = list(
      style = list(
        fill = JS(
          "data => { return data.difference > 0 ? '#F68180' : '#2F64FF' ; }"
        ),
        fillOpacity = 1
      )
    )
  )

```

v_bar

Create a Bar Chart

Description

Create a Bar Chart

Usage

```
v_bar(
  vc,
  mapping = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  stack = FALSE,
  percent = FALSE,
  direction = c("vertical", "horizontal"),
  ...,
  serie_id = NULL,
  data_id = NULL,
  data_specs = list()
)
```

Arguments

vc	A chart initialized with <code>vchart()</code> .
mapping	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart.
data	Default dataset to use for chart. If not already a <code>data.frame</code> , it will be coerced to with <code>as.data.frame</code> .
name	Name for the serie, only used for single serie (no color/fill aesthetic supplied).
stack	Whether to stack the data or not (if fill aesthetic is provided).
percent	Whether to display the data as a percentage.
direction	The direction configuration of the chart: "vertical" (default) or "horizontal".
...	Additional parameters for the serie.
data_id, serie_id	ID for the data/serie, can be used to further customize the chart with <code>v_specs()</code> .
data_specs	Additional options for the data, see online documentation .

Value

A `vchart()` `htmlwidget` object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)

# Classic Bar Chart
vchart(top_generation) %>%
  v_bar(aes(country, electricity_generation))

# Horizontal Bar Chart
vchart(top_generation) %>%
  v_bar(aes(country, electricity_generation), direction = "horizontal")
```

```

# Grouped Bar Chart
vchart(subset(world_electricity, type == "total")) %>%
  v_bar(aes(year, generation, fill = source))

# Horizontal Grouped Bar Chart
vchart(subset(world_electricity, type == "total")) %>%
  v_bar(aes(year, generation, fill = source), direction = "horizontal")

# Stacked Bar Chart
vchart(subset(world_electricity, type == "total")) %>%
  v_bar(aes(year, generation, fill = source), stack = TRUE)

# Percentage Stacked Bar Chart
vchart(subset(world_electricity, type == "total")) %>%
  v_bar(aes(year, generation, fill = source), stack = TRUE, percent = TRUE)

```

v_boxplot

Create a BoxPlot

Description

Create a BoxPlot

Usage

```

v_boxplot(
  vc,
  mapping = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  ...,
  outliers = TRUE,
  args_outliers = NULL,
  serie_id = NULL,
  data_id = NULL
)

```

Arguments

vc	A chart initialized with <code>vchart()</code> .
mapping	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart.
data	Default dataset to use for chart. If not already a <code>data.frame</code> , it will be coerced to with <code>as.data.frame</code> .
name	Name for the serie, only used for single serie (no <code>color</code> / <code>fill</code> aesthetic supplied).
...	Arguments passed to JavaScript methods .

outliers Display or not outliers.
args_outliers Arguments passed to `v_scatter()`.
data_id, serie_id ID for the data/serie, can be used to further customize the chart with `v_specs()`.

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)

data("penguins", package = "palmerpenguins")

vchart(penguins) %>%
  v_boxplot(aes(species, flipper_length_mm))

vchart(penguins) %>%
  v_boxplot(aes(species, flipper_length_mm, color = sex))

data("mpg", package = "ggplot2")

vchart(mpg) %>%
  v_boxplot(aes(as.character(year), hwy))

vchart(mpg) %>%
  v_boxplot(aes(class, hwy))

vchart(mpg) %>%
  v_boxplot(aes(class, hwy, color = as.character(year)))
```

v_circlepacking *Create a Circle Packing Chart*

Description

Create a Circle Packing Chart

Usage

```
v_circlepacking(  
  vc,  
  mapping = NULL,  
  data = NULL,  
  name = NULL,  
  drill = TRUE,  
  use_root = FALSE,
```

```

    fill_opacity = JS("d => d.isLeaf ? 0.75 : 0.25;"),
    label_visible = JS("d => d.depth === 1;"),
    ...,
    serie_id = NULL,
    data_id = NULL
  )

```

Arguments

vc	A chart initialized with <code>vchart()</code> .
mapping	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart.
data	Default dataset to use for chart. If not already a <code>data.frame</code> , it will be coerced to with <code>as.data.frame</code> .
name	Name for the serie, only used for single serie (no <code>color</code> / <code>fill</code> aesthetic supplied).
drill	Drill-down function switch.
use_root	Add a root level in the hierarchy, can be <code>TRUE</code> (in this case root level will be named <code>root</code>) or a character (use as the name for the root level).
fill_opacity	Fill opacity, a JS function determining the opacity of the elements.
label_visible	A JS function to control visibility of labels.
...	Additional parameters for the serie.
data_id, serie_id	ID for the data/serie, can be used to further customize the chart with <code>v_specs()</code> .

Value

A `vchart()` `htmlwidget` object.

Examples

```

library(vchartr)

vchart(countries_gdp) %>%
  v_circlepacking(
    aes(lvl1 = REGION_UN, lvl2 = SUBREGION, lvl3 = ADMIN, value = GDP_MD)
  )

# With root level
vchart(countries_gdp) %>%
  v_circlepacking(
    aes(lvl1 = REGION_UN, lvl2 = SUBREGION, lvl3 = ADMIN, value = GDP_MD),
    use_root = "World"
  )

# Custom colors
vchart(countries_gdp) %>%

```

```

v_circlepacking(
  aes(lvl1 = REGION_UN, lvl2 = SUBREGION, lvl3 = ADMIN, value = GDP_MD)
) %>%
v_scale_color_manual(c(
  Oceania = "#E6AB02",
  Africa = "#1B9E77",
  Americas = "#D95F02",
  Asia = "#E7298A",
  Europe = "#66A61E",
  Antarctica = "#7570B3"
))

# Bubble Chart
vchart(countries_gdp) %>%
  v_circlepacking(
    aes(ADMIN, GDP_MD),
    label_visible = JS("d => d.value > 261921;"), # 261921 = 3rd Qu.
  )

```

v_event

VChart events

Description

VChart events

Usage

```
v_event(vc, name, params, fun, ...)
```

Arguments

vc	A chart initialized with <code>vchart()</code> .
name	Name of the event, e.g. "click".
params	Parameters to specifically monitor events in a certain part of the chart.
fun	JavaScript function executed when the event occurs.
...	Not used.

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)

vchart(top_generation) %>%
  v_bar(aes(country, electricity_generation)) %>%
  v_event(
    name = "click",
    params = list(level = "mark", type = "bar"),
    fun = JS(
      "e => {",
      "  console.log(e);",
      "  alert(e.datum.x);",
      "}"
    )
  )
)
```

v_facet_wrap

Facets for vchart

Description

Create matrix of charts by row and column faceting variable (`v_facet_grid`), or by specified number of row and column for faceting variable(s) (`v_facet_wrap`).

Usage

```
v_facet_wrap(
  vc,
  facets,
  nrow = NULL,
  ncol = NULL,
  scales = c("fixed", "free", "free_y", "free_x"),
  labeller = label_value
)
```

Arguments

<code>vc</code>	A chart initialized with <code>vchart()</code> .
<code>facets</code>	Variable(s) to use for facetting, wrapped in <code>vars(...)</code> .
<code>nrow, ncol</code>	Number of row and column in output matrix.
<code>scales</code>	Should scales be fixed ("fixed", the default), free ("free"), or free in one dimension ("free_x", "free_y")?
<code>labeller</code>	A function with one argument containing for each facet the value of the faceting variable.

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)
library(ggplot2)

# Use vars() to supply faceting variables:
vchart(mpg) %>%
  v_scatter(aes(displ, hwy)) %>%
  v_facet_wrap(vars(class))

# Control the number of rows and columns with nrow and ncol
vchart(mpg) %>%
  v_scatter(aes(displ, hwy)) %>%
  v_facet_wrap(vars(class), ncol = 3)

# You can facet by multiple variables
vchart(mpg) %>%
  v_scatter(aes(displ, hwy)) %>%
  v_facet_wrap(vars(cyl, drv))

# Use the `labeller` option to control how labels are printed:
vchart(mpg) %>%
  v_scatter(aes(displ, hwy)) %>%
  v_facet_wrap(vars(cyl, drv), labeller = label_both)

# To change the order in which the panels appear, change the levels
# of the underlying factor.
mpg$class2 <- reorder(mpg$class, mpg$displ)
vchart(mpg) %>%
  v_scatter(aes(displ, hwy)) %>%
  v_facet_wrap(vars(class2), ncol = 3)

# By default, the same scales are used for all panels. You can allow
# scales to vary across the panels with the `scales` argument.
vchart(mpg) %>%
  v_scatter(aes(displ, hwy)) %>%
  v_facet_wrap(vars(class), scales = "free")
```

v_gauge

Create a Gauge Chart

Description

Create a Gauge Chart

Usage

```
v_gauge(
  vc,
  mapping = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  outerRadius = 0.8,
  innerRadius = 0.75,
  startAngle = -240,
  endAngle = 60,
  ...,
  serie_id = NULL,
  data_id = NULL
)
```

Arguments

vc	A chart initialized with <code>vchart()</code> .
mapping	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart.
data	Default dataset to use for chart. If not already a <code>data.frame</code> , it will be coerced to with <code>as.data.frame</code> .
name	Name for the serie, only used for single serie (no color/fill aesthetic supplied).
outerRadius	Sector outer radius, with a numerical range of 0 - 1.
innerRadius	Sector inner radius, with a numerical range of 0 - 1.
startAngle	Starting angle of the sector. In degrees.
endAngle	Ending angle of the sector. In degrees.
...	Additional parameters for the serie.
data_id, serie_id	ID for the data/serie, can be used to further customize the chart with <code>v_specs()</code> .

Value

A `vchart()` `htmlwidget` object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)

vchart() %>%
  v_gauge(aes("My gauge", 0.8))

vchart() %>%
  v_gauge(
    aes("My gauge", 0.8),
    gauge = list(
      type = "circularProgress",
```

```

    cornerRadius = 20,
    progress = list(
      style = list(
        fill = "forestgreen"
      )
    ),
    track = list(
      style = list(
        fill = "#BCBDBC"
      )
    )
  ),
  pointer = list(
    style = list(
      fill = "#2F2E2F"
    )
  )
)

vchart() %>%
  v_gauge(aes("My gauge", 0.8)) %>%
  v_scale_y_continuous(labels = ".0%")

```

v_heatmap

*Create a Heatmap Chart***Description**

Create a Heatmap Chart

Usage

```

v_heatmap(
  vc,
  mapping = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  ...,
  serie_id = NULL,
  data_id = NULL
)

```

Arguments

vc	A chart initialized with <code>vchart()</code> .
mapping	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart.
data	Default dataset to use for chart. If not already a <code>data.frame</code> , it will be coerced to with <code>as.data.frame</code> .

name Name for the serie, only used for single serie (no color/fill aesthetic supplied).

... Additional parameters for the serie.

data_id, serie_id ID for the data/serie, can be used to further customize the chart with `v_specs()`.

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)

# Heatmap with continuous fill variable
vchart(co2_emissions) %>%
  v_heatmap(aes(x = year, y = country, fill = co2_per_capita))

# Change colors
vchart(co2_emissions) %>%
  v_heatmap(aes(x = year, y = country, fill = co2_per_capita)) %>%
  v_specs_colors(
    range = rev(
      c("#8C510A", "#BF812D", "#DFC27D", "#F6E8C3",
        "#C7EAE5", "#80CDC1", "#35978F", "#01665E")
    )
  )

# Heatmap with discrete fill variable
vchart(co2_emissions) %>%
  v_heatmap(aes(x = year, y = country, fill = co2_growth_change))

# Change colors
vchart(co2_emissions) %>%
  v_heatmap(aes(x = year, y = country, fill = co2_growth_change)) %>%
  v_scale_fill_manual(c(
    Increase = "firebrick",
    Decrease = "forestgreen"
  ))
```

v_hist

Create an Histogram

Description

Create an Histogram

Usage

```
v_hist(
  vc,
  mapping = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  stack = FALSE,
  bins = 30,
  binwidth = NULL,
  ...,
  serie_id = NULL,
  data_id = NULL
)
```

Arguments

vc	A chart initialized with <code>vchart()</code> .
mapping	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart.
data	Default dataset to use for chart. If not already a <code>data.frame</code> , it will be coerced to with <code>as.data.frame</code> .
name	Name for the serie, only used for single serie (no <code>color</code> / <code>fill</code> aesthetic supplied).
stack	Whether to stack the data or not (if <code>fill</code> aesthetic is provided).
bins	Number of bins. Overridden by <code>binwidth</code> . Defaults to 30.
binwidth	The width of the bins. Can be specified as a numeric value or as a function that calculates width from unscaled x. Here, "unscaled x" refers to the original x values in the data, before application of any scale transformation. When specifying a function along with a grouping structure, the function will be called once per group. The default is to use the number of bins in <code>bins</code> , covering the range of the data. You should always override this value, exploring multiple widths to find the best to illustrate the stories in your data. The bin width of a date variable is the number of days in each time; the bin width of a time variable is the number of seconds.
...	Additional properties for histogram bars.
data_id, serie_id	ID for the data/serie, can be used to further customize the chart with <code>v_specs()</code> .

Value

A `vchart()` `htmlwidget` object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)
library(palmerpenguins)
```

```

# Create an histogram using a numeric variable
vchart(penguins) %>%
  v_hist(aes(flipper_length_mm))

# Customize some style properties
vchart(penguins) %>%
  v_hist(
    aes(flipper_length_mm),
    bar = list(
      style = list(
        stroke = "white",
        line_width = 1,
        fill = "forestgreen"
      )
    )
  )

# Use fill aesthetic to differentiate series
vchart(penguins) %>%
  v_hist(aes(flipper_length_mm, fill = species))

# Stack results
vchart(penguins) %>%
  v_hist(aes(flipper_length_mm, fill = species), stack = TRUE)

# Use custom colors
vchart(penguins) %>%
  v_hist(
    aes(flipper_length_mm, fill = species),
    bar = list(
      style = list(opacity = 0.5)
    )
  ) %>%
  v_scale_color_manual(c(
    Adelie = "#ffa232",
    Chinstrap = "#33a2a2",
    Gentoo = "#b34df2"
  ))

```

v_jitter

Create Jittered Points Scatter Chart

Description

Create Jittered Points Scatter Chart

Usage

```
v_jitter(
```

```

vc,
mapping = NULL,
data = NULL,
name = NULL,
width = NULL,
height = NULL,
...,
serie_id = NULL,
data_id = NULL
)

```

Arguments

vc	A chart initialized with <code>vchart()</code> .
mapping	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart.
data	Default dataset to use for chart. If not already a <code>data.frame</code> , it will be coerced to with <code>as.data.frame</code> .
name	Name for the serie, only used for single serie (no <code>color/fill</code> aesthetic supplied).
width, height	Amount of vertical and horizontal jitter. The jitter is added in both positive and negative directions, so the total spread is twice the value specified here. If omitted, defaults to 40% of the resolution of the data: this means the jitter values will occupy 80% of the implied bins. Categorical data is aligned on the integers, so a width or height of 0.5 will spread the data so it's not possible to see the distinction between the categories.
...	Additional parameters for the serie.
data_id, serie_id	ID for the data/serie, can be used to further customize the chart with <code>v_specs()</code> .

Value

A `vchart()` `htmlwidget` object.

Examples

```

library(vchartr)

data("mpg", package = "ggplot2")
data("penguins", package = "palmerpenguins")

# With continuous x
vchart(mpg) %>%
  v_jitter(aes(cyl, hwy))

# with discrete x
vchart(penguins) %>%
  v_jitter(aes(species, bill_length_mm))

```

```

# Colour points
vchart(mpg) %>%
  v_jitter(aes(cyl, hwy, colour = class))

# Use smaller width/height to emphasise categories
vchart(mpg) %>%
  v_jitter(aes(cyl, hwy), width = 0.25)

# Use larger width/height to completely smooth away discreteness
vchart(mpg) %>%
  v_jitter(aes(cty, hwy), width = 0.5, height = 0.5)

```

v_labs

Set chart title and subtitle

Description

Set chart title and subtitle

Usage

```
v_labs(vc, title = NULL, subtitle = NULL, x = NULL, y = NULL)
```

Arguments

vc	An htmlwidget created with <code>vchart()</code> .
title	Title for the chart.
subtitle	Subtitle for the chart.
x, y	Axes titles.

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```

library(vchartr)
data("mpg", package = "ggplot2")

vchart(table(Class = mpg$class), aes(Class, Freq)) %>%
  v_bar() %>%
  v_labs(
    title = "Title for the chart",
    subtitle = "A subtitle to be placed under the title"
  )

```

v_line

*Create a Line Chart***Description**

Create a Line Chart

Usage

```
v_line(
  vc,
  mapping = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  line = list(style = list(curveType = "linear", lineDash = 0, stroke = NULL)),
  point = list(visible = FALSE),
  ...,
  serie_id = NULL,
  data_id = NULL
)
```

Arguments

vc	A chart initialized with <code>vchart()</code> .
mapping	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart.
data	Default dataset to use for chart. If not already a <code>data.frame</code> , it will be coerced to with <code>as.data.frame</code> .
name	Name for the serie, only used for single serie (no <code>color</code> / <code>fill</code> aesthetic supplied).
line	Line's options, such as curve interpolation type, see online documentation
point	Options for showing points on lines or not.
...	Additional parameters for the serie.
data_id, serie_id	ID for the data/serie, can be used to further customize the chart with <code>v_specs()</code> .

ValueA `vchart()` `htmlwidget` object.**Examples**

```
library(vchartr)

# Basic Line Chart
vchart(eco2mix) %>%
  v_line(aes(date, solar))
```

```
# Two lines
vchart(tail(eco2mix, 30), aes(date)) %>%
  v_line(aes(y = solar)) %>%
  v_line(aes(y = wind))

# Line chart with discrete x axis
vchart(data.frame(month = month.abb, value = sample(1:50, 12))) %>%
  v_line(aes(month, value))

# Stroke color
vchart(data.frame(month = month.abb, value = sample(1:50, 12))) %>%
  v_line(
    aes(month, value),
    line = list(style = list(stroke = "firebrick"))
  )

# Smooth Line Chart
vchart(data.frame(month = month.abb, value = sample(1:50, 12))) %>%
  v_line(
    aes(month, value),
    line = list(style = list(curveType = "monotone"))
  )

# Step Line Chart
vchart(data.frame(month = month.abb, value = sample(1:50, 12))) %>%
  v_line(
    aes(month, value),
    line = list(style = list(curveType = "stepAfter"))
  )

# Dash array
vchart(data.frame(month = month.abb, value = sample(1:50, 12))) %>%
  v_line(
    aes(month, value),
    line = list(style = list(lineDash = c(10, 10)))
  )

# Multiple lines
vchart(eco2mix_long) %>%
  v_line(aes(date, production, color = source))
```

v_pie

Create a Pie Chart

Description

Create a Pie Chart

Usage

```
v_pie(
  vc,
  mapping = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  label = list(visible = TRUE),
  ...,
  serie_id = NULL,
  data_id = NULL
)
```

Arguments

vc	A chart initialized with <code>vchart()</code> .
mapping	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart.
data	Default dataset to use for chart. If not already a <code>data.frame</code> , it will be coerced to with <code>as.data.frame</code> .
name	Name for the serie, only used for single serie (no <code>color</code> / <code>fill</code> aesthetic supplied).
label	Options for displaying labels on the pie chart.
...	Additional parameters for the serie.
data_id, serie_id	ID for the data/serie, can be used to further customize the chart with <code>v_specs()</code> .

Value

A `vchart()` `htmlwidget` object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)

# Basic Pie Chart
subset(world_electricity, year == 2023 & type == "total") %>%
  vchart() %>%
  v_pie(aes(x = source, y = generation))

# Use custom colors
subset(world_electricity, year == 2023 & type == "total") %>%
  vchart() %>%
  v_pie(aes(x = source, y = generation)) %>%
  v_scale_color_manual(c(
    "Low carbon" = "#a3be8c",
    "Fossil fuels" = "#4C566A"
  ))

# Customize tooltip
```

```

subset(world_electricity, year == 2023 & type == "total") %>%
  vchart() %>%
  v_pie(aes(x = source, y = generation)) %>%
  v_specs_tooltip(
    mark = list(
      content = list(
        list(
          key = JS("datum => datum['x']"),
          value = JS("datum => Math.round(datum['y']) + ' TWh'")
        ),
        list(
          hasShape = FALSE,
          key = "Proportion",
          value = JS("datum => datum._percent_ + '%'")
        )
      )
    )
  )
)

# Nested Pie Chart
vchart() %>%
  v_pie(
    data = subset(world_electricity, year == 2023 & type == "total"),
    mapping = aes(x = source, y = generation),
    outerRadius = 0.65,
    innerRadius = 0,
    label = list(
      visible = TRUE,
      position = "inside",
      rotate = FALSE,
      style = list(fill = "white")
    ),
    pie = list(
      style = list(
        stroke = "#FFFFFF",
        lineWidth = 2
      )
    )
  ) %>%
  v_pie(
    data = subset(world_electricity, year == 2023 & type == "detail"),
    mapping = aes(x = source, y = generation),
    outerRadius = 0.8,
    innerRadius = 0.67,
    pie = list(
      style = list(
        stroke = "#FFFFFF",
        lineWidth = 2
      )
    )
  )
)

```

v_progress *Create a Progress Chart*

Description

Create a Progress Chart

Usage

```
v_progress(  
  vc,  
  mapping = NULL,  
  data = NULL,  
  name = NULL,  
  ...,  
  serie_id = NULL,  
  data_id = NULL  
)
```

Arguments

vc	A chart initialized with <code>vchart()</code> .
mapping	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart.
data	Default dataset to use for chart. If not already a <code>data.frame</code> , it will be coerced to with <code>as.data.frame</code> .
name	Name for the serie, only used for single serie (no <code>color</code> / <code>fill</code> aesthetic supplied).
...	Additional parameters for the serie.
data_id, serie_id	ID for the data/serie, can be used to further customize the chart with <code>v_specs()</code> .

Value

A `vchart()` `htmlwidget` object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)  
  
vchart() %>%  
  v_progress(aes(0.85, "My progress"))  
  
data.frame(  
  x = c(0.4, 0.3, 0.8, 0.6),  
  y = paste("Course", 1:4)  
) %>%  
  vchart() %>%
```

```

v_progress(
  aes(x, y),
  cornerRadius = 20,
  bandwidth = 30
) %>%
v_scale_y_discrete(
  label = list(visible = TRUE),
  domainLine = list(visible = FALSE)
)

```

v_radar

Create a Radar Chart

Description

Create a Radar Chart

Usage

```

v_radar(
  vc,
  mapping = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  ...,
  serie_id = NULL,
  data_id = NULL
)

```

Arguments

vc	A chart initialized with <code>vchart()</code> .
mapping	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart.
data	Default dataset to use for chart. If not already a <code>data.frame</code> , it will be coerced to with <code>as.data.frame</code> .
name	Name for the serie, only used for single serie (no <code>color</code> / <code>fill</code> aesthetic supplied).
...	Additional parameters for the serie.
data_id, serie_id	ID for the data/serie, can be used to further customize the chart with <code>v_specs()</code> .

Value

A `vchart()` `htmlwidget` object.

Examples

```

library(vchartr)

# Default radar chart
subset(electricity_mix, country == "Germany") %>%
  vchart() %>%
  v_radar(aes(source, generation))

# Without area
subset(electricity_mix, country == "Germany") %>%
  vchart() %>%
  v_radar(
    aes(source, generation),
    area = list(visible = FALSE)
  )

# Mutliple series
subset(electricity_mix, country %in% c("Germany", "Canada")) %>%
  vchart() %>%
  v_radar(aes(source, generation, color = country))

# Custom axes
subset(electricity_mix, country == "Germany") %>%
  vchart() %>%
  v_radar(aes(source, generation)) %>%
  v_scale_y_continuous(min = 0, max = 200)

subset(electricity_mix, country == "Germany") %>%
  vchart() %>%
  v_radar(aes(source, generation)) %>%
  v_scale_y_continuous(
    grid = list(smooth = FALSE),
    domainLine = list(visible = FALSE)
  ) %>%
  v_scale_x_discrete(
    label = list(space = 20),
    domainLine = list(visible = FALSE)
  )

```

v_sankey

*Create a Sankey Chart***Description**

Create a Sankey Chart

Usage

```
v_sankey(
  vc,
  mapping = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  ...,
  serie_id = NULL,
  data_id = NULL
)
```

Arguments

vc	A chart initialized with <code>vchart()</code> .
mapping	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart.
data	Default dataset to use for chart. If not already a <code>data.frame</code> , it will be coerced to with <code>as.data.frame</code> .
name	Name for the serie, only used for single serie (no <code>color</code> / <code>fill</code> aesthetic supplied).
...	Additional parameters for the serie.
data_id, serie_id	ID for the data/serie, can be used to further customize the chart with <code>v_specs()</code> .

Value

A `vchart()` `htmlwidget` object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)

# Basic Sankey Chart
vchart(energy_sankey) %>%
  v_sankey(aes(target, source, value = value))

# Some options
vchart(energy_sankey) %>%
  v_sankey(
    aes(target, source, value = value),
    nodeAlign = "left",
    nodeGap = 8,
    nodeWidth = 10,
    minNodeHeight = 4,
    link = list(
      state = list(
        hover = list(
          fillOpacity = 1
        )
      )
    )
  )
```

```

    )
  )

# With data as tree structure
titanic <- as.data.frame(Titanic)
vchart(titanic) %>%
  v_sankey(aes(
    lvl1 = Class,
    lvl2 = Sex,
    lvl3 = Age,
    lvl4 = Survived,
    value = Freq
  ))

# Only one level
titanic_class <- titanic %>%
  aggregate(data = ., Freq ~ Class + Survived, FUN = sum)

vchart(titanic_class) %>%
  v_sankey(aes(Survived, Class, value = Freq))

```

v_scale_size	<i>Size scale for continuous data</i>
--------------	---------------------------------------

Description

Size scale for continuous data

Usage

```

v_scale_size(
  vc,
  name = NULL,
  range = c(5, 30),
  ...,
  position = c("right", "bottom", "left", "top"),
  align = c("middle", "start", "end")
)

```

Arguments

vc	An htmlwidget created with <code>vchart()</code> or specific chart's type function.
name	Title for the legend.
range	Range of sizes for the points plotted.

...	Additional parameters for the legend.
position	Position of the legend.
align	Alignment of the legend.

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)
data("penguins", package = "palmerpenguins")

vchart(penguins) %>%
  v_scatter(aes(
    x = bill_length_mm,
    y = bill_depth_mm,
    size = body_mass_g
  )) %>%
  v_scale_size(
    name = "Body mass",
    range = c(1, 20)
  )
```

`v_scatter`*Create a Scatter Chart*

Description

Create a Scatter Chart

Usage

```
v_scatter(
  vc,
  mapping = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  ...,
  serie_id = NULL,
  data_id = NULL
)
```

Arguments

vc	A chart initialized with <code>vchart()</code> .
mapping	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart.
data	Default dataset to use for chart. If not already a <code>data.frame</code> , it will be coerced to with <code>as.data.frame</code> .
name	Name for the serie, only used for single serie (no <code>color</code> / <code>fill</code> aesthetic supplied).
...	Additional parameters for the serie.
data_id, serie_id	ID for the data/serie, can be used to further customize the chart with <code>v_specs()</code> .

Value

A `vchart()` `htmlwidget` object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)
data("penguins", package = "palmerpenguins")

# Basic scatter chart
vchart(penguins) %>%
  v_scatter(aes(x = flipper_length_mm, y = body_mass_g))

# Color series with discrete values
vchart(penguins) %>%
  v_scatter(aes(x = flipper_length_mm, y = body_mass_g, color = species))

# Color series with continuous values
vchart(penguins) %>%
  v_scatter(aes(x = bill_length_mm, y = bill_depth_mm, color = body_mass_g))

# Size of points
vchart(penguins) %>%
  v_scatter(aes(x = bill_length_mm, y = bill_depth_mm, size = body_mass_g))

# Size and color
vchart(penguins) %>%
  v_scatter(aes(
    x = bill_length_mm,
    y = bill_depth_mm,
    color = body_mass_g,
    size = body_mass_g
  ))

# With shapes
vchart(penguins) %>%
  v_scatter(
    aes(
      x = bill_length_mm,
```

```

    y = bill_depth_mm,
    color = species,
    shape = species
  )
)

vchart(penguins) %>%
  v_scatter(
    aes(x = flipper_length_mm, y = body_mass_g, color = species)
  ) %>%
  v_scale_color_manual(c(
    Adelie = "#ffa232",
    Chinstrap = "#33a2a2",
    Gentoo = "#b34df2"
  ))

```

v_smooth

Create an Smooth Line Chart

Description

Create an Smooth Line Chart

Usage

```

v_smooth(
  vc,
  mapping = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  method = NULL,
  formula = NULL,
  se = TRUE,
  n = 80,
  span = 0.75,
  ...,
  args_area = NULL,
  serie_id = NULL,
  data_id = NULL
)

```

Arguments

vc	A chart initialized with <code>vchart()</code> .
mapping	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart.

data	Default dataset to use for chart. If not already a <code>data.frame</code> , it will be coerced to with <code>as.data.frame</code> .
name	Name for the serie, only used for single serie (no <code>color</code> / <code>fill</code> aesthetic supplied).
method	Smoothing method (function) to use, accepts either <code>NULL</code> or a character vector, e.g. <code>"lm"</code> , <code>"glm"</code> , <code>"gam"</code> , <code>"loess"</code> or a function, e.g. <code>MASS::rlm</code> or <code>mgcv::gam</code> , <code>stats::lm</code> , or <code>stats::loess</code> . <code>"auto"</code> is also accepted for backwards compatibility. It is equivalent to <code>NULL</code> . For <code>method = NULL</code> the smoothing method is chosen based on the size of the largest group (across all panels). <code>stats::loess()</code> is used for less than 1,000 observations; otherwise <code>mgcv::gam()</code> is used with <code>formula = y ~ s(x, bs = "cs")</code> with <code>method = "REML"</code> . Somewhat anecdotally, <code>loess</code> gives a better appearance, but is $O(N^2)$ in memory, so does not work for larger datasets. If you have fewer than 1,000 observations but want to use the same <code>gam()</code> model that <code>method = NULL</code> would use, then set <code>method = "gam"</code> , <code>formula = y ~ s(x, bs = "cs")</code> .
formula	Formula to use in smoothing function, eg. <code>y ~ x</code> , <code>y ~ poly(x, 2)</code> , <code>y ~ log(x)</code> . <code>NULL</code> by default, in which case <code>method = NULL</code> implies <code>formula = y ~ x</code> when there are fewer than 1,000 observations and <code>formula = y ~ s(x, bs = "cs")</code> otherwise.
se	Display confidence interval around smooth? (<code>TRUE</code> by default, see <code>level</code> to control.)
n	Number of points at which to evaluate smoother.
span	Controls the amount of smoothing for the default <code>loess</code> smoother. Smaller numbers produce wigglier lines, larger numbers produce smoother lines. Only used with <code>loess</code> , i.e. when <code>method = "loess"</code> , or when <code>method = NULL</code> (the default) and there are fewer than 1,000 observations.
...	Additional parameters for lines.
args_area	Arguments for area.
data_id, serie_id	ID for the data/serie, can be used to further customize the chart with <code>v_specs()</code> .

Value

A `vchart()` `htmlwidget` object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)

data("mpg", package = "ggplot2")

vchart(mpg, aes(displ, hwy)) %>%
  v_smooth()

vchart(mpg, aes(displ, hwy)) %>%
  v_smooth(se = FALSE)
```

```
vchart(mpg, aes(displ, hwy, color = class)) %>%
  v_smooth()
```

v_specs

Specify configuration options for a `vchart()`.

Description

Specify configuration options for a `vchart()`.

Usage

```
v_specs(vc, ..., serie_id = NULL, drop_nulls = FALSE)
```

Arguments

vc	An htmlwidget created with <code>vchart()</code> .
...	List of options to specify for the chart, see https://www.visactor.io/vchart/option/ .
serie_id	Used to set or modify options for a chart where there are multiple series. You can use : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a numeric to target the position of the serie in the order where it's added to the chart • a character to refer to a serie_id set when the serie was added to the plot.
drop_nulls	Drop NULL elements from the options.

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)
data("mpg", package = "ggplot2")

vchart(table(Class = mpg$class)) %>%
  v_bar(aes(Class, Freq)) %>%
  v_specs(
    label = list(visible = TRUE),
    color = list("firebrick")
  )
```

v_specs_axes	<i>Axes configuration</i>
--------------	---------------------------

Description

Axes configuration

Usage

```
v_specs_axes(
  vc,
  position = c("left", "bottom", "right", "top", "angle", "radius"),
  ...,
  remove = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

vc	An htmlwidget created with <code>vchart()</code> .
position	Position of the axe on the chart.
...	Configuration options.
remove	If TRUE then axe is removed and other parameters are ignored.

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)

# Configure some options for axes
vchart() %>%
  v_line(aes(x = month.name, y = sample(5:25, 12))) %>%
  v_specs_axes(
    position = "left",
    title = list(
      visible = TRUE,
      text = "Y axis title",
      position = "start"
    ),
    label = list(
      formatMethod = JS("val => `${val}°C`")
    ),
    domainLine = list(
      visible = TRUE,
      style = list(stroke = "#000")
    ),
  ),
```

```

    tick = list(
      visible = TRUE,
      tickStep = 2,
      tickSize = 6,
      style = list(stroke = "#000")
    ),
    grid = list(
      visible = TRUE,
      style = list(lineDash = list(0), stroke = "#6E6E6E", zIndex = 100)
    )
  )%>%
v_specs_axes(
  position = "bottom",
  title = list(
    visible = TRUE,
    text = "X axis title",
    position = "end"
  ),
  domainLine = list(
    visible = TRUE,
    style = list(stroke = "#000")
  ),
  tick = list(
    visible = TRUE,
    tickStep = 2,
    tickSize = 6,
    style = list(stroke = "#000")
  ),
  grid = list(
    visible = TRUE,
    style = list(lineDash = list(0)),
    alternateColor = c("#F2F2F2", "#FFFFFF"),
    alignWithLabel = TRUE
  )
)

```

```
# By default vline add an axe on the left
```

```
vchart() %>%
  v_line(aes(x = month.name, y = sample(5:25, 12))) %>%
  v_specs_axes(position = "left", remove = TRUE) %>%
  v_specs_axes(position = "right", type = "linear")
```

```
# Use secondary axes
```

```
vchart() %>%
  v_line(aes(x = month.name, y = sample(5:25, 12)), serie_id = "serie_left") %>%
  v_line(aes(x = month.name, y = sample(5:25 * 100, 12)), serie_id = "serie_right") %>%
  v_specs_axes(position = "left", seriesId = "serie_left") %>%
  v_specs_axes(position = "right", type = "linear", seriesId = "serie_right")
```

v_specs_colors *Set color(s) for chart*

Description

Set color(s) for chart

Usage

```
v_specs_colors(vc, ...)
```

Arguments

vc An htmlwidget created with `vchart()`.

... Colors options, can be a single color code, a vector of colors to use or a list with more options. For `v_colors_manual` it should be a named list with data values as name and color as values.

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)
data("mpg", package = "ggplot2")

vchart(table(Class = mpg$class)) %>%
  v_bar(aes(Class, Freq)) %>%
  v_specs_colors("#8FBCBB")
```

v_specs_crosshair *Add crosshair to chart*

Description

Add crosshair to chart

Usage

```
v_specs_crosshair(vc, ...)
```

Arguments

vc An htmlwidget created with `vchart()`.

... Options for the legend, see examples or [online documentation](#).

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)

data.frame(month = month.abb, value = sample(1:50, 12)) %>%
  vchart() %>%
  v_line(aes(month, value)) %>%
  v_specs_crosshair(
    xField = list(
      visible = TRUE,
      line = list(type = "rect"),
      defaultSelect = list(
        axisIndex = 0,
        datum = "May"
      ),
      label = list(visible = TRUE)
    ),
    yField = list(
      visible = TRUE,
      defaultSelect = list(
        axisIndex = 1,
        datum = 30
      ),
      line = list(
        style = list(
          lineWidth = 1,
          opacity = 1,
          stroke = "#000",
          lineDash = c(2, 2)
        )
      ),
      label = list(visible = TRUE)
    )
  )
```

v_specs_custom_mark *Add custom mark to chart*

Description

Add custom mark to chart

Usage

```
v_specs_custom_mark(vc, ...)
```

Arguments

vc An htmlwidget created with `vchart()`.
 ... Options for the legend, see examples or [online documentation](#).

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)

world_electricity %>%
  subset(type == "detail") %>%
  vchart() %>%
  v_bar(
    aes(source, generation, player = year),
    direction = "h",
    data_id = "mydata"
  ) %>%
  v_specs_custom_mark(
    type = "text",
    dataId = "mydata",
    style = list(
      textBaseline = "bottom",
      fontSize = 60,
      textAlign = "right",
      fontWeight = 700,
      text = JS("datum => datum.player"),
      x = JS(
        "(datum, ctx) => {",
        "  return ctx.vchart.getChart().getCanvasRect().width - 50;",
        "}"
      ),
      y = JS(
        "(datum, ctx) => {",
        "  return ctx.vchart.getChart().getCanvasRect().height - 150;",
        "}"
      ),
      fill = "grey",
      fillOpacity = 0.5
    )
  )
)
```

v_specs_datazoom

Add data zoom to a chart

Description

Add data zoom to a chart

Usage

```
v_specs_datazoom(
  vc,
  start = "{label:%Y-%m-%d}",
  end = "{label:%Y-%m-%d}",
  ...,
  brush = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

vc	A chart created with <code>vchart()</code> .
start, end	Formatter for the start/end label, e.g. : "Start: \{label:%Y-%m-%d\}", where the part between braces will be replaced by the date with the format specified.
...	Additional parameters for dataZoom property, see online documentation .
brush	Logical, add the ability to brush the chart to zoom in.

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)

data("economics", package = "ggplot2")
vchart(economics, aes(date, unemploy)) %>%
  v_line() %>%
  v_specs_datazoom()

co2_emissions %>%
  subset(country %in% c("China", "United States", "India")) %>%
  vchart() %>%
  v_line(aes(year, co2, color = country)) %>%
  v_specs_datazoom(start = "{label:.0f}", startValue = 1990, end = "{label:.0f}")
```

v_specs_indicator	<i>Add indicator to chart</i>
-------------------	-------------------------------

Description

Add indicator to chart

Usage

```
v_specs_indicator(vc, ...)
```

Arguments

vc An htmlwidget created with `vchart()`.
 ... Options for the legend, see examples or [online documentation](#).

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)

electricity_mix %>%
  subset(country == "France") %>%
  vchart() %>%
  v_pie(
    aes(x = source, y = generation),
    outerRadius = 0.8,
    innerRadius = 0.5,
    padAngle = 0.6
  ) %>%
  v_specs_tooltip(visible = FALSE) %>%
  v_specs_indicator(
    visible = TRUE,
    trigger = "hover",
    limitRatio = 0.5,
    title = list(
      visible = TRUE,
      autoFit = TRUE,
      fitStrategy = "inscribed",
      style = list(
        fontWeight = "bolder",
        fill = "#888",
        text = JS("datum => datum !== null ? datum.x : ''")
      )
    ),
    content = list(
      list(
        visible = TRUE,
        autoFit = TRUE,
        fitStrategy = "inscribed",
        style = list(
          fontWeight = "bolder",
          fill = "#000",
          text = JS("datum => datum !== null ? Math.round(datum.y) + 'TWh' : ''")
        )
      )
    )
  )
)
```

v_specs_legend	<i>Set legend options</i>
----------------	---------------------------

Description

Set legend options

Usage

```
v_specs_legend(vc, ..., add = FALSE)
```

Arguments

vc	An htmlwidget created with <code>vchart()</code> .
...	Options for the legend, see examples or online documentation .
add	Add the legend to exiting ones or overwrite all previous legends.

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)
data("mpg", package = "ggplot2")

vchart(table(Class = mpg$class, Year = mpg$year)) %>%
  v_bar(aes(Class, Freq, fill = Year)) %>%
  v_specs_legend(
    title = list(text = "Title", visible = TRUE),
    orient = "right",
    position = "start",
    item = list(focus = TRUE)
  )
```

v_specs_player	<i>Set player options</i>
----------------	---------------------------

Description

Set player options

Usage

```
v_specs_player(vc, ...)
```

Arguments

vc An htmlwidget created with `vchart()`.
 ... Options for the legend, see examples or [online documentation](#).

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)

world_electricity %>%
  subset(type == "detail") %>%
  vchart() %>%
  v_bar(
    aes(source, generation, player = year)
  )
```

v_specs_tooltip	<i>Set tooltip options</i>
-----------------	----------------------------

Description

Set tooltip options

Usage

```
v_specs_tooltip(vc, ..., .reset = FALSE)
```

Arguments

vc An htmlwidget created with `vchart()`.
 ... Options for the tooltip, see examples or [online documentation](#).
 .reset Reset previous tooltip configuration before updating.

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)
data("mpg", package = "ggplot2")

vchart(table(Class = mpg$class, Year = mpg$year)) %>%
  v_bar(aes(Class, Freq, fill = Year)) %>%
  v_specs_tooltip(
    visible = FALSE
  )
```

`v_sunburst`*Create a Sunburst Chart*

Description

Create a Sunburst Chart

Usage

```
v_sunburst(
  vc,
  mapping = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  drill = TRUE,
  gap = 5,
  ...,
  serie_id = NULL,
  data_id = NULL
)
```

Arguments

<code>vc</code>	A chart initialized with <code>vchart()</code> .
<code>mapping</code>	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart.
<code>data</code>	Default dataset to use for chart. If not already a <code>data.frame</code> , it will be coerced to with <code>as.data.frame</code> .
<code>name</code>	Name for the serie, only used for single serie (no <code>color</code> / <code>fill</code> aesthetic supplied).
<code>drill</code>	Drill-down function switch.
<code>gap</code>	Layer gap, supports passing an array to configure layer gaps layer by layer.
<code>...</code>	Additional parameters for the serie.
<code>data_id, serie_id</code>	ID for the data/serie, can be used to further customize the chart with <code>v_specs()</code> .

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)

# Create a sunburst and auto hide labels
vchart(countries_gdp) %>%
  v_sunburst(
    aes(lvl1 = REGION_UN, lvl2 = SUBREGION, lvl3 = ADMIN, value = GDP_MD),
    gap = 10,
    labelAutoVisible = list(
      enable = TRUE
    ),
    labelLayout = list(
      align = "center",
      rotate = "radial"
    )
  )

# Custom tooltip
vchart(countries_gdp) %>%
  v_sunburst(
    aes(lvl1 = REGION_UN, lvl2 = SUBREGION, lvl3 = ADMIN, value = GDP_MD)
  ) %>%
  v_specs_tooltip(
    mark = list(
      title = list(
        value = JS("val => val?.datum?.map(data => data.name).join(' / ')")
      )
    )
  )

# Custom layout options
vchart(countries_gdp) %>%
  v_sunburst(
    aes(lvl1 = REGION_UN, lvl2 = SUBREGION, lvl3 = ADMIN, value = GDP_MD),
    gap = 0,
    innerRadius = c(0, 0.4, 0.8),
    outerRadius = c(0.3, 0.7, 0.85),
    labelAutoVisible = list(
      enable = TRUE,
      circumference = 1
    ),
    labelLayout = list(
      list(
        align = "center",
        rotate = "tangential",
        offset = 0
      )
    )
  )
```

```

    ),
    NULL,
    list(
      align = "start",
      rotate = "radial",
      offset = 15
    )
  )
) %>%
v_specs(padding = 70)

```

v_theme

Theme for Charts

Description

Theme for Charts

Usage

```

v_theme(
  vc,
  .colorPalette = NULL,
  .backgroundColor = NULL,
  .borderColor = NULL,
  .shadowColor = NULL,
  .hoverBackgroundColor = NULL,
  .sliderRailColor = NULL,
  .sliderHandleColor = NULL,
  .sliderTrackColor = NULL,
  .popupBackgroundColor = NULL,
  .primaryFontColor = NULL,
  .secondaryFontColor = NULL,
  .tertiaryFontColor = NULL,
  .axisLabelFontColor = NULL,
  .disableFontColor = NULL,
  .axisMarkerFontColor = NULL,
  .axisGridColor = NULL,
  .axisDomainColor = NULL,
  .dataZoomHandleStrokeColor = NULL,
  .dataZoomChartColor = NULL,
  .playerControllerColor = NULL,
  .scrollBarSliderColor = NULL,
  .axisMarkerBackgroundColor = NULL,
  .markLabelBackgroundColor = NULL,
  .markLineStrokeColor = NULL,
  .dangerColor = NULL,
  .warningColor = NULL,

```

```

    .successColor = NULL,
    .infoColor = NULL,
    .discreteLegendPagerTextColor = NULL,
    .discreteLegendPagerHandlerColor = NULL,
    .discreteLegendPagerHandlerDisableColor = NULL,
    ...
)

```

Arguments

vc	An htmlwidget created with <code>vchart()</code> .
.colorPalette	Vector of colors to use as default.
.backgroundColor	background Color
.borderColor	border Color
.shadowColor	shadow Color
.hoverBackgroundColor	hoverBackground Color
.sliderRailColor	slider Rail Color
.sliderHandleColor	slider Handle Color
.sliderTrackColor	slider Track Color
.popupBackgroundColor	popup Background Color
.primaryFontColor	primary Font Color
.secondaryFontColor	secondary Font Color
.tertiaryFontColor	tertiary Font Color
.axisLabelFontColor	axisLabel Font Color
.disableFontColor	disable Font Color
.axisMarkerFontColor	axis Marker Font Color
.axisGridColor	axis Grid Color
.axisDomainColor	axis Domain Color
.dataZoomHandleStrokeColor	data Zoom Handle Stroke Color
.dataZoomChartColor	data Zoom Chart Color

```

.playerControllerColor      player Controller Color
.scrollBarSliderColor       scroll Bar Slider Color
.axisMarkerBackgroundColor  axis Marker Background Color
.markLabelBackgroundColor  mark Label Background Color
.markLineStrokeColor        mark Line Stroke Color
.dangerColor                danger Color
.warningColor               warning Color
.successColor               success Color
.infoColor                  info Color
.discreteLegendPagerTextColor  discrete Legend Pager Text Color
.discreteLegendPagerHandlerColor  discrete Legend Pager Handler Color
.discreteLegendPagerHandlerDisableColor  discrete Legend Pager Handler Disable Color
...                          Other parameters.

```

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```

library(vchartr)

chart <- subset(
  electricity_mix,
  country %in% c("Germany", "Brazil", "South Korea")
) %>%
  vchart() %>%
  v_bar(aes(country, generation, fill = source))

# Default appearance
chart

# Change background color
chart %>%
  v_theme(.backgroundColor = "#2F2E2F")

# Change default color palette
chart %>%
  v_theme(
    .colorPalette = palette.colors(n = 8, palette = "Okabe-Ito")[-1]
  )

```

```

)

# Axis grid color
chart %>%
  v_theme(.axisGridColor = "red")
# same as
chart %>%
  v_theme(
    component = list(
      axis = list(
        grid = list(
          style = list(
            # lineWidth = 3, # but more options available
            stroke = "red"
          )
        )
      )
    )
  )
)
# see https://www.unpkg.com/@visactor/vchart-theme@1.11.6/public/light.json
# for all possibilities

```

v_treemap

*Create a Treemap Chart***Description**

Create a Treemap Chart

Usage

```

v_treemap(
  vc,
  mapping = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  drill = TRUE,
  ...,
  serie_id = NULL,
  data_id = NULL
)

```

Arguments

vc	A chart initialized with <code>vchart()</code> .
mapping	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart.
data	Default dataset to use for chart. If not already a <code>data.frame</code> , it will be coerced to with <code>as.data.frame</code> .

name	Name for the serie, only used for single serie (no color/fill aesthetic supplied).
drill	Drill-down function switch.
...	Additional parameters for the serie.
data_id, serie_id	ID for the data/serie, can be used to further customize the chart with <code>v_specs()</code> .

Value

A `vchart()` htmlwidget object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)

# Basic Treemap Chart
vchart(countries_gdp) %>%
  v_treemap(aes(lvl1 = REGION_UN, lvl2 = ADMIN, value = GDP_MD))

# With labels
vchart(countries_gdp) %>%
  v_treemap(
    aes(lvl1 = REGION_UN, lvl2 = ADMIN, value = GDP_MD),
    label = list(visible = TRUE)
  )

# Show all levels
vchart(countries_gdp) %>%
  v_treemap(
    aes(lvl1 = REGION_UN, lvl2 = ADMIN, value = GDP_MD),
    label = list(visible = TRUE),
    nonLeaf = list(visible = TRUE),
    nonLeafLabel = list(visible = TRUE, position = "top")
  )
```

v_venn

Create a Venn Diagram

Description

Create a Venn Diagram

Usage

```
v_venn(
  vc,
  mapping = NULL,
  data = NULL,
```

```

    name = NULL,
    sets_sep = ", ",
    ...,
    serie_id = NULL,
    data_id = NULL
  )

```

Arguments

vc	A chart initialized with <code>vchart()</code> .
mapping	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart.
data	Default dataset to use for chart. If not already a <code>data.frame</code> , it will be coerced to with <code>as.data.frame</code> .
name	Name for the serie, only used for single serie (no <code>color</code> / <code>fill</code> aesthetic supplied).
sets_sep	Sets separator.
...	Additional parameters for the serie.
data_id, serie_id	ID for the data/serie, can be used to further customize the chart with <code>v_specs()</code> .

Value

A `vchart()` `htmlwidget` object.

Examples

```

library(vchartr)

# Venn diagram with 2 sets
data.frame(
  sets = c("A", "B", "A,B"),
  value = c(5, 10, 4)
) %>%
  vchart() %>%
  v_venn(aes(sets = sets, value = value))

# with more sets
data.frame(
  sets = c("A", "B", "C", "A,B", "A,C", "B,C", "A,B,C"),
  value = c(8, 10, 12, 4, 4, 4, 2)
) %>%
  vchart() %>%
  v_venn(aes(sets = sets, value = value))

# More complex example
set.seed(20190708)
genes <- paste("gene", 1:1000, sep="")
genes <- list(

```

```

A = sample(genes,300),
B = sample(genes,525),
C = sample(genes,440),
D = sample(genes,350)
)

vchart(stack(genes)) %>%
  v_venn(aes(category = ind, values = values))

```

v_waterfall

Create a Waterfall Chart

Description

Create a Waterfall Chart

Usage

```

v_waterfall(
  vc,
  mapping = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  ...,
  serie_id = NULL,
  data_id = NULL
)

```

Arguments

vc	A chart initialized with <code>vchart()</code> .
mapping	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart.
data	Default dataset to use for chart. If not already a <code>data.frame</code> , it will be coerced to with <code>as.data.frame</code> .
name	Name for the serie, only used for single serie (no <code>color</code> / <code>fill</code> aesthetic supplied).
...	Additional parameters for the serie.
data_id, serie_id	ID for the data/serie, can be used to further customize the chart with <code>v_specs()</code> .

Value

A `vchart()` `htmlwidget` object.

Examples

```

library(vchartr)

balance <- data.frame(
  desc = c("Starting Cash",
           "Sales", "Refunds", "Payouts", "Court Losses",
           "Court Wins", "Contracts", "End Cash"),
  amount = c(2000, 3400, -1100, -100, -6600, 3800, 1400, 2800)
)

vchart(balance) %>%
  v_waterfall(aes(x = desc, y = amount))

# With total values and formatting
data.frame(
  x = c("Feb.4", "Feb.11", "Feb.20", "Feb.25", "Mar.4",
        "Mar.11", "Mar.19", "Mar.26", "Apr.1", "Apr.8",
        "Apr.15", "Apr.22", "Apr.29", "May.6", "total"),
  total = c(TRUE, NA, TRUE),
  y = c(45L, -5L, 2L, -2L, 2L, 2L, -2L, 1L, 1L, 1L, 2L, 1L, -2L, -1L, NA)
) %>%
  vchart() %>%
  v_waterfall(
    aes(x = x, y = y, total = total),
    stackLabel = list(
      valueType = "absolute",
      formatMethod = JS("text => text + '%"")
    )
  ) %>%
  v_specs_legend(visible = TRUE)

```

v_wordcloud

*Create a Wordcloud***Description**

Create a Wordcloud

Usage

```

v_wordcloud(
  vc,
  mapping = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  ...,
  serie_id = NULL,
  data_id = NULL
)

```

Arguments

vc	A chart initialized with <code>vchart()</code> .
mapping	Default list of aesthetic mappings to use for chart.
data	Default dataset to use for chart. If not already a <code>data.frame</code> , it will be coerced to with <code>as.data.frame</code> .
name	Name for the serie, only used for single serie (no <code>color</code> / <code>fill</code> aesthetic supplied).
...	Additional parameters for the serie.
data_id, serie_id	ID for the data/serie, can be used to further customize the chart with <code>v_specs()</code> .

Value

A `vchart()` `htmlwidget` object.

Examples

```
library(vchartr)

vchart(top_cran_downloads) %>%
  v_wordcloud(aes(word = package, count = count))

vchart(top_cran_downloads) %>%
  v_wordcloud(aes(word = package, count = count, color = package))

vchart(top_cran_downloads) %>%
  v_wordcloud(
    aes(word = package, count = count, color = package),
    wordCloudConfig = list(
      zoomToFit = list(
        enlarge = TRUE,
        fontSizeLimitMax = 30
      )
    )
  )

# Use an image to shape the wordcloud
vchart(top_cran_downloads) %>%
  v_wordcloud(
    aes(word = package, count = count, color = package),
    maskShape = "https://jeroen.github.io/images/Rlogo.png"
  )
```

world_electricity *World low carbon & fossil electricity generation 2014 - 2023*

Description

This dataset represents world's electricity generation from low-carbon sources and fossil fuels over the period 2014 - 2023.

Usage

world_electricity

Format

A data frame with 70 observations and 4 variables:

- year : Year
- source : Either :
 - Low carbon : Electricity generation from low-carbon sources - Low-carbon sources correspond to renewables and nuclear power, that produce significantly less greenhouse-gas emissions than fossil fuels.
 - Renewables : Electricity generation from renewables
 - Nuclear : Electricity generation from nuclear
 - Fossil : Electricity generation from fossil fuels (oil + gas + coal)
 - Oil : Electricity generation from fossil fuels
 - Gas : Electricity generation from fossil fuels
 - Coal : Electricity generation from fossil fuels
- generation : Electricity generation in terawatt-hours.
- type : Type of source : total or detail.

Source

[Our World In Data](#)

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